Morning Oregonian.

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The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every day (except Sunday), and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 37½ cents a week. Single copies 12½ cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months, $3 for three months. Advertisements at liberal rates.

THE SUNDAY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and 75c for three months, in advance.

OFFICE—Corner Front and Washington streets. Entrance at Washington.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, 620 Washington Street, San Francisco.

FRIEDMAN & CO.,
(Successors to A. M. & L. M. Starr.)
Importers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Stoves, Tin-Plate, Sheet Iron,
Copper Wire, Zinc, Tin and
job printing
Agents for TILTON & McFARLAND'S CELEBRATED
FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,
Nos. 74 and 76 Front and Stark Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON. ly

COLLECTIONS.
M. SHEFFIELD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HAVING LOCATED PERMANENTLY IN PLACER-
VILLE, will practice in the Courts of Idaho, and will promptly attend to all cases entrusted to his care.
Refers to Hon. John Adair, Boise City; Hon. John McCraken, A. D. Rockwell & Co., Idaho City. m16dlf

D. WM. DOUTHITT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Special attention paid to Collecting
Debts.
OFFICE—Corner Front and Washington Sts., Portland, Oregon. dly

J. M. HOYT & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Produce, Grain, Bacon, Lard,
Flour, Meal, Feed, Crackers, etc., etc.,
No. 4 Front and Taylor Sts.,
Cor. Taylor, PORTLAND, OREGON. dlm

D. M. MCKENNEY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OREGON CITY.
Special attention paid to Land Claims and Land Agency business.

Oregon State Insane Asylum and
HOSPITAL,
SISTERS OF CHARITY OF THE PROVIDENCE,
PROPRIETORS.
Board, Nursing and Washing,
$5 per Week.
Payable Quarterly in Advance.
PORTLAND. dlf

JOHN H. ON,
PLUMBER AND PLUMBER,
Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON. dlf

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
No. 1 FRONT STREET,
Corner of Ash,
PORTLAND, OREGON. dlf

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
SAN FRANCISCO.

Dr. John Anderson, Edward, Gosway & Co., R. Webster & Co., A. S. Rosenbaum & Co., Jacob Bachman, D. D. Colton, Dr. Wm. Taylor, Jr., and Dr. Wm. Taylor, Sr., San Francisco, Cal. dlf

PIANOS.
JOHN M. PEASE,
Agent for
PIANO-FORTES,
(Manufactured by GEO. T. MYERS,)
Warerooms, Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

GROCERIES, GRAIN, BACON, LARD,
Flour, Meal, Feed, Crackers, etc., etc.,
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Warerooms, Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

THE PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
CAPITAL, $750,000, GOLD COIN.

HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS TO COMPLY with the law of the State of Oregon, requiring a deposit of $50,000, invite parties desirous of insuring against loss or damage by fire, to patronize this HOME INSTITUTION.

DIRECTORS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Louis McLane,	John Wightman,	James DePeyster,
W. C. Ralston,	G. W. Beaver,	J. G. Bray,
J. G. Kittle,	Wm. Sharon,	J. B. Newton,
A. L. Tubbs,	Adam Grant,	H. L. Dodge,
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R. Carlton, Jr.,	Jabez Bowen,	J. G. Kellogg,
T. B. Thomas,	Wm. Alvord,	A. G. Sides,
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Wm. Sherman,	Ellis Lenard,	G. H. Howard,
L. Sachs,	A. B. Forbes,	Erwin Davis,
M. T. Jones,	Jonathan Hunt,	P. L. Weaver,
A. T. Lawton,	J. O. Earl,	E. L. Goldstein,
J. Whitney, Jr.,	S. J. Hensley,	W. A. Davis,
Edward Martin,	Lloyd Tevis,	F. W. Brooks.
Charles Mayne,		

PORTLAND, OREGON.
Capt. F. C. AINSWORTH, W. S. LADD (Lad & Tilton.)
LADD & TILTON,
General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.
Dec. 29, 1864. ddm

PORTLAND
PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING
ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 110 First Street.

ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM the East—
Cooking Ranges,
Hot Water Furnaces,
Copper, Tin and Planished Bath Tubs;
Square and angular Black Walnut Counter-Sunk
Marble Wash Stands;
Cold, and Hot and Cold WATER SHOWERS;
SILVER-PLATED BASIN COCKS;
MARBLE WASH-BASINS;
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS;
HYDRAULIC RAMS;
NON-FREEZING HYDRANTS;
WATER CLOSETS, &c., &c.

☞ Persons wishing to introduce Cold, or Hot and Cold Water into their premises, either Plain or Ornamental, would do well to give them a call.
Portland, April 24, 1865. C. H. MYERS.

ENGINEERS AND OTHERS,
Take Notice.

JUST RECEIVED, A SMALL LOT OF THE CELEBRATED SCOTCH TUBES for Water Gauges.
Also, a full assortment of Brass Work, consisting in part of all sizes WROUGHT IRON PIPE, from ¼ inch to 2 inch inside diameter; BRASS COCKS, T'S, ELBOWS, RETURN BENDS, NIPPLES, BUSHINGS, &c.
Also, on hand, STEAM Whistles, STEAM GAUGES, WATER GAUGES, GOVERNOR and STOP VALVES, THROTTLE, ANGLE and CHECK VALVES, GLASS COCKS, AIR COCKS, and all kinds of
BRASS WORK,
FOR STEAM, WATER, AND GAS.
☞ Persons wishing any thing in the above line, will do well to examine and price my stock before sending to San Francisco. C. H. MYERS,
Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting Establishment,
apr5dlf No. 110, First Street, Portland.

CITY BAKERY
AND
Provision Store.
R. PITTOCK,
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,
Opposite Lower Market,
And Corner First and Morrison Streets,
BREAD,
Boston Water Crackers,
AND
CRACKERS,
PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.
and all kinds of
STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,
Family Groceries,
FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.
☞ Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders left at the Bakery will be promptly filled. The trade will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

POWELL & CO.
POWELL & COE,
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANTS,
UMATILLA CITY, OGN.

PARTICULAR PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO receiving and forwarding goods to all parts of the Mines in Oregon and Washington and Idaho.
Goods, Letters, Freights paid, Storage, Wood and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.
Drayage on Goods solicited.
WE REFER BY PERMISSION TO
At San Francisco—Howard, Gosway & Co., Edwards & McCraken.
At Portland—Edwards & McCraken, Goldsmith Bros.
At Victoria, V. I.—Goldstone & Bro, Guild, David & Co.
Mark Goods care of P. & C, Umatilla.
aug31tf

MASON'S BREWERY
EAST PORTLAND, OREGON.
OFFICE AT R. HENDRIE'S, 51 Front St., Portland.

THIS UNDERSIGNED IS THE ONLY MANUFACTURER of the
GENUINE MASON'S ALE
In Oregon. His last lately erected a
NEW BREWERY
AT EAST PORTLAND,
And is prepared to fill all orders for XX and XXX ALE and PORTER.
Orders delivered to any part of the city.
feb21dlf JAMES MASON, Proprietor.

COLUMBIA RIVER MINES!
A. R. MCCOY & CO.,
Forwarding & Commission Merchants
AND DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
White Bluff, W. T.
FREIGHT FOR COLVILLE, UPPER COLUMBIA, KOOTENAI and BLACKFOOT MINES promptly forwarded.
Mark Goods B[illegible] and N., White Bluffs, W. T.
REFERENCES:
Portland—Richards & McCraken, Allen & Lewis, and Hodge & Chief.
Boston—Block, Miller & Co.; French & Gilman. oct2Smd

IDAHO!
B. M. DURELL & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
BOISE CITY, I. T.
SILVER CITY, OWYHEE MINES.
References:
Allen & Lewis, Portland, O. | Warren Leland, N. Y. City.
Moses, Ellis & Co, San Francisco. | Holladay & Halsey, Great Salt Lake City.
sp8dly

Notice to
BREWERS & SALOON-KEEPERS.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
MALT, HOPS, IRISH MOSS,
BARLEY SHOVELS, BARREL BRUSHES,
BRASS AND WOOD FAUCETS,
And all other articles for Brewer's use. Also, any quantity of
WEINHARD'S LAGER BEER!
So Well and Favorably Known. All of which we are prepared to furnish at PRICES THAT DEFY COMPARITION.
☞ Orders will be Promptly Filled.
WEINHARD & DELLINGER,
City Brewery,
Nov. 30, 1864. d3m Portland, Oregon.

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000!
HEAD OFFICE—60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON.
BRANCHES
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, and SAN FRANCISCO.
AGENCIES,
NEW YORK—Messrs. R. BELL and P. GUNDRY. (Agents for Bank of Montreal.)
IN CANADA:
BANK OF MONTREAL.
Branches and Agencies:

Montreal,	Kingston,	Whitby,	Stratford,
Toronto,	Cobourg,	Peterboro,	Picton,
Quebec,	Belleville,	Ottawa,	Perth,
Hamilton,	Brantford,	Guelph,	Simcoe,
London,	Brockville,	Goderich,	St. Catherines

IN SCOTLAND—British Linen Company Bank.
IN IRELAND—Union Bank of Ireland.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars. INTEREST allowed on Credit balances over $1,000.
DEPOSIT RECEIPTS, bearing Interest, issued for money lodged for fixed periods.
BILLS Discounted and Collected, and BILLS OF EXCHANGE on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York purchased.
DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies; and CREDITS granted on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York, authorizing payment for Goods shipped to Portland.
GOLD DUST PURCHASED, received in Deposit, or Advances made upon them.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.
Portland February 1, 1866. ja10 49tf

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
CASH CAPITAL, $750,000.
DEPOSITED IN OREGON, $50,000.
Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.
THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon, by making a Deposit of fifty thousand dollars, is now prepared to take risks against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms.
CALEB T. FAY, President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, Marine Secretary.
W. J. VAN SCHUYVER,
Agent for Oregon,
Office No. 51 Front Street, Portland.
Portland, January 15, 1866. dlf

THE NORTH BRITISH
and
Mercantile Insurance Company!
OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.
Established.....1809.
CAPITAL.....$10,000,000
Accumulated and Invested Funds, March 6, 1865.....$11,529,400
Annual Income.....2,827,200
Deposit under California State Law.....75,000
Deposit under the State Law of Oregon.....50,000
INSURANCES EFFECTED AT THE LOWEST RATES on Buildings of both Brick and Wood throughout the State, and on Goods in Stores, Dwellings, or Warehouses, together with their contents.
Also, Vessels in port, with or without their Cargoes.
Also, Quartz Mills and Machinery.
Also, Saw Mills and Machinery.
LOSSES PAID IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN immediately on adjustment.
McCRACKEN, MERRILL & CO., Agents,
ja24dlm Portland, Oregon.

JOHN B. MILLER,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER,
100 Front Street,
One door north of Post Office, in Shoemaker's Music Store,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
I WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE citizens of Portland and the interior towns, and the country in general, that I have returned to this city and have opened my NEW STORE with a
Very Extensive and Well-Selected Assortment of
GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,
from the most Celebrated Makers,
CLOCKS OF VARIOUS STYLES,
DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, AND SILVER WARE,
All of the Latest and Most Desirable Fashions.
Particular attention given to CLEANING AND REPAIRING FINE WATCHES, and satisfaction guaranteed. Watches and Jewelry of every description repaired at short notice.
October 10, 1865. JOHN B. MILLER.

Notice to all Persons having Demands on the Government.
PENSIONS, BOUNTY, PRIZE-MONEY, PATENTS, Pay for Vouchers, Scrip, Back Pay, Lost Horse and Spoliation Claims collected by the undersigned, who will attend to all other business before the Departments at Washington City.
☞ Soldiers becoming disabled or diseased while in the service, are entitled to a Pension. Those who served in any war previous to the 3d of March, 1855, are entitled to Bounty Land. Those who served in the Navy during the late war, and were legally attached to a vessel or squadron on duty, although not participating in the taking of prizes, are entitled to Prize Money. In many Indian Treaties provision is made for payment of Spoliation Claims out of Annuities. To collect the large number of such claims now owned in this country,—for the settlement of which no similar provision has been made by treaty—demand should be made at once therefor at the proper Department. And, if found just, recommendation will be made to Congress to pass an act retaining the amount thereof out of the Annuities.
C. M. CARTER, Claim Agent,
Office—No. 1 up-stairs, Carter's Block,
dec4dawdlm Portland, Oregon.

EAGLE
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP!
OAK ST. (bet. Front and First) PORTLAND,
FERRY, CRAIN & CO.,
Manufacturers of
STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, QUARTZ Saw Mill Machinery, Flour and Saw Mill Machinery, Horse Powers, Hoisting Machines, REAPERS & MOWERS, Cooking Ranges and Stoves, Iron Doors and Shutters, Fencing and Ornamental Work for Buildings, Agricultural Implements, Machinery and Iron Work for Ships and Steamers,
All kinds of REPAIRING promptly done.
The Proprietors are each Experienced Mechanics, and all work will receive their personal attendance and will be done in a workmanlike manner and upon the most reasonable terms. dec24dlf

PROF. MURRAY'S
CELEBRATED MAGIC OIL!
King of Pain!
DR. J. M. RICE.....Proprietor.
WILL CURE THE HEADACHE IN 3 MINUTES; the EARACHE IN 3 MINUTES.
For sale by all the Principal Druggists on the Pacific Coast.
COX, LADD & CO., Salem,
Wholesale, Retail and Forwarding Agents
dec8dlf for Dr. J. M. RICE.

DR. R. B. WILSON,
Office—No. 5 Stark Street,
(Up-Stairs,)
Residence—North Fourth street,
no16 Between Bond G. dawsf

DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMŒOPATHIST,
THOSE PREFERRING THIS MILD, EFFICIENT MEDICAL TREATMENT can consult him at his Office, on Fourth street, fronting the Public Square.
Ten Years Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully diseases peculiar to the climate.
Portland, March 10, 1864. dlf

J. L. COOMBS, M. D.,
[Late of Corvallis,]
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., &c.,
OFFICE—Cree's Building, over Wells, Fargo & Co.'s.
ENTRANCE FROM STARK STREET,
CONTINUES TO TREAT EVE DISEASES OF EVERY NATURE.
May be found at the Consultation Rooms, day and night, unless absent on professional business.
Portland, Oct. 7th, 1865. ly

DR. E. POPPLETON,
(Late of Lafayette,)
Office—Room No. 4, Vaughan's Building,
Over City of Paris Store.
RESIDENCE—Corner Morrison and Ninth Streets,
dec21 PORTLAND. dlf

Jewelry! Jewelry!
DIRECT FROM NEW YORK!
P. S. STEWART.....O. B. COURLEY.
STEWART & COURLEY,
Are now offering to the Public the BEST and CHEAPEST assortment of
CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY,
IVORY AND RUBBER SETTS,
(New Style Jewelry!)
A Large and Well-selected Stock of
Silver Plated Wares;
And everything usually kept in our line of business.
AGENTS FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY.
Particular attention paid to the REPAIRS OF FINE WATCHES, and all kinds of JOB WORK done on short notice by an experienced workman.
Call and see for yourselves.
STEWART & COURLEY,
ja2dly 105 Front street, Portland, Oregon.

Merchant Tailor!
CHAS. GOLDSTEIN
RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE PUBLIC THAT HE HAS OPENED A
MERCHANT TAILOR SHOP
At No. 93 First Street,
WHERE HE WILL CONSTANTLY KEEP ON hand
THE BEST CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS, &c.
MR. CHAS. COHN, formerly of GOLDBERG & CO., has been retained as Cutter and Foreman of the Establishment.
LADIES' RIDING HABITS made in the Best Style.
All orders promptly executed.
CHARLES GOLDSTEIN.
Portland Jan. 31, 1865. dlf

Notice.
THE BUSINESS heretofore done under the name and style of W. P. TAAFFE, and TAAFFE & CO. will hereafter be conducted under the firm name of MEACHER, TAAFFE & CO.
PHILIP MEACHER.
San Francisco, Nov. 8, 1865. no17dly

MEACHER, TAAFFE & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers of Foreign & Domestic
DRY GOODS, HOSIERY,
Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.,
107 BATTERY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
☞ Agents for the Mount Vernon Duck Company.

JOHN BRUCE'S
SHIP YARD & BOAT-BUILDING SHOP,
Near the North Portland Saw Mill, on the Levee.
HAVING on hand a quantity of ship-building material, Oak and Fir Lumber, and Spruce Knees from the West Point mills. Also, a quantity of the best quality of Spruce and Cedar Boards for the construction of small Boats and Skiffs. I am prepared to build any kind of sea or river going craft, at moderate rates.
Scows built to order, having gussets on hand. Repairs done cheap.
Apply at the office of HARBAUGH & SHITZEL, North Portland Steam Saw Mill.
Portland, Dec. 9th, 1865. dlf

D. FARQUHARSON,
Optician & Mechanician
No. 41 Alder Street, Portland,
HAS MADE ARRANGEMENTS WITH A SUPERIOR Workman to Manufacture every description of
Surgical Instruments and Cutlery.
☞ Grinding and Polishing of every kind and description will be done at the shortest notice.
FINE SAWS for Butchers and Carpenters. feb12dlm

THE GREATEST EYE REMEDY
Ever Discovered!
I HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM FRANKFORT, Scotland, one of the Greatest Remedies for the Eye, that has ever been discovered by the Medical Faculty. It removes all obstructions from the pupil in a short time in all cases where the sight is not injured, no matter how severe the case may be, or how long standing.
I WILL GUARANTEE A PERMANENT CURE, or no charge will be made.
☞ Consultation and examination free of charge.
DR. WM. HENLEY,
Office next door to the Court House,
Front Street, Portland.
January 9th, 1866. dtf

Notice.
FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE until further notice, THE STEAMER
UNION
Will leave CANEMAH every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY mornings upon the arrival of the Boat from Portland.
Returning every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, connecting with the Boats for Portland.
September 7th, 1864.—tf J. D. MILLER, Master.

FIRST
STEAM BAKERY
IN OREGON!
HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS TO APPLY Steam to our Cracker Machinery, we will sell a Superior Article of all kind of Crackers at San Francisco Prices.
NEW YORK BAKERY,
H. PITTOCK'S Old Stand,
jn18dlf No. 9 North Front street, Portland.

For Sale.
A CHOICE LOT OF VERY FINE OLD OVARD BRANDY and SCOTCH ALE in bulk, at the
NEW YORK BAKERY.
feb16dlf F. C. HORNUNG & CO.

BRAN & SHORTS
FOR SALE,
AS MADE at Sexton & Co.'s Imperial Mill, being Bran and Shorts run together, which will be delivered on the boats at Oregon City for $30 per ton. Sacks must always accompany orders.
no22 dlf WM. BARLOW.

80 Tons
PURE LIVERPOOL SALT—COARSE AND FINE, by
H. PITTOCK,
Corner First and Morrison Streets, and No 9, Front Street.

ROPE,
OF ALL SIZES. For sale by
Portland, January 4th, 1866. H. W. CORBETT. 40m

CIRCULAR SAWS,
AND MANDRELS FOR CIRCULAR SAWS,
For sale by H. W. CORBETT.

New Columbian,
Nos. 116, 120 and 122 Front st. corner of Morrison.
GOOD NEWS!
THE NEW COLUMBIAN having just been elegantly finished, and being now ready for the reception of Guests, the Proprietor would say to the citizens of Portland and the travelling public, that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call, at PRICES TO SUIT.
The NEW COLUMBIAN is an entirely new house, hard finished, rooms well ventilated and well furnished, and has capacity to accommodate (with comfort to the guests) six hundred people.
The DINING ROOM is large and commodious; has fine suite of rooms, with connecting doors, for families.
The TABLE will be furnished with the best the market affords, permitting no house to excel it either in quality or variety.
A large fire-proof Safe for the deposit of valuables.—Baggage taken to the Hotel FREE OF CHARGE. Hotel open all night.
Board, per week, $5; Board and Lodging, $7 to $10.
The Proprietor will at all times endeavor to please his guests, and would respectfully and earnestly solicit the patronage of the citizens of Portland and the travelling public. P. B. SINNOTT, Proprietor.
Portland, Oregon, August 9th, 1864. dlf

What Cheer House,
Front St., between Morrison and Yamhill
M. O'CONNER, Proprietor.
WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM HIS PATRONS and the public generally that having moved into his
NEW AND SPLENDID HOTEL,
He is now prepared to accommodate any number of persons with Board and Lodging.
Each Room is furnished with entirely NEW FURNITURE, Carpeting, and French Spring Mattresses.
☞ The Table is furnished with EVERYTHING THE MARKET AFFORDS.
The Proprietor would express his all thankful for the continued patronage of the people for years, he would solicit the further patronage of the public, assuring them that no expense or labor will be spared in making this house the most desirable and agreeable Hotel in Oregon.
Good Fire Proof Safe for keeping Treasure, Valuables, &c. This House is OPEN AT ALL HOURS.
Baggage brought from Steamers FREE OF CHARGE.
Portland, May 6, 1864. d&wtf

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
Corner Second and Alder Sts.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
JACOB KOENIG.....Proprietor.
This Hotel is now open for the reception of Guests.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE WASHINGTON HOTEL, long and favorably known to the public as the Proprietor of the New York Hotel, would fully recommend his New Hard-Finished House to his numerous friends in this City and vicinity and the Atlantic States, with the assurance that nothing will be omitted on his part to render the Washington Hotel as eligible a House as any in Portland, for City Boarders, as well as for Merchants and Families from the interior. This House is located in the very heart of the Commercial part of the City, and provided with every convenience calculated to render a stay in the same convenient and comfortable. The rooms are high and airy and everything new.
The Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords. [illegible]dtf

Mansion House,
(In the West Shore Tract,)
THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL IS NOW OPEN for the reception of guests, after being thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
TERMS:
Board and Lodging, per week.....$6 00
Board, without Lodging, per week.....5 00
Board per day.....1 00
Single Meals.....50
Lodging.....25 to 50
This House is conducted strictly on TEMPERANCE PRINCIPLES.
FIRE-PROOF SAFE in Office for valuables.
☞ Baggage taken to the house free of charge.
Portland, May 10, 1864. dtf

Howard House,
Front St., next to Wheat Landing,
(Formerly kept by Jas. Going,)
MICHAEL LANE.....Proprietor.
THIS WELL-KNOWN HOTEL IS NOW OPEN FOR the reception of all. It has been renovated and refurnished.
TERMS:
Board and Lodging from $6 00 to $7 00 per week.
FIRE-PROOF SAFE for Valuables, and all baggage carefully taken care of.
There is a First-Class SALOON connected with the House, under the supervision of WILLIAM INGATE.
oct5-65tf

RUSS HOUSE.
San Francisco, California.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY PURchased the Interest of MESSRS. SANDERSON & DYER, in the above well known, popular and reputable House.
The house will be under the management and control of SIMON H. SEYMOUR, formerly of the Cosmopolitan Hotel, and H. H. PEARSON, late of the American Exchange. It will be thoroughly refitted, and in all its appointments will compare favorably with any Hotel in the State.
The proprietors, by strict attention to the comfort of their guests, hope to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage.
H. H. PEARSON & CO.
San Francisco, June 13th, 1865. jan2dawlm

PACIFIC
Hotel & Restaurant,
OLYMPIA, W. T.
THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN and Popular House, having been thoroughly renovated and newly Furnished, is prepared to offer the guests a home in Greater Comfort, and in a more accommodating manner than can be done by any other house in the place. Meals to be had at all hours.
Call and assure yourselves of the truth of the above.
MRS. REBECCA HOWARD.
November 2, 1865. 6m

TEMPERANCE RESTAURANT!
No. 151 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING FITTED UP GOOD and Pleasant accommodations, would inform his friends and the public in general that he is now prepared to receive them, as his table will always be supplied with the Luxuries of the Market.
Board and Lodging by the day and week.
J. M. BALDWIN.

Now Open!
AS A PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE!
THE HOUSE SITUATED
Nos. 42 and 44 First street, on the East side of the street, between Oak and Pine streets,
WHERE THAT PORTION OF THE GENTLEmanly public that may wish for quiet quarters, wholesome and abundant diet, and comfortable lodgings, at reasonable rates for ready pay, have a fine opportunity to display their taste and judgment.
H. COOKE & CO., Proprietors.
Portland, Feb. 7, 1866. dlm

LIVE OAK
SALOON AND RESTAURANT,
Front, Street,
(Next door to the Pacific Market,)
IS NOW OPEN FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF the Public.
Board by the week.....$5 00
Single meals.....37½ cents.
The Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always on hand.
The Proprietor wishing to start for the mines next month, will sell out cheap. The House is well situated in a business part of the town, and is at present doing a good business, and is leased for two years at a rental of $25 a month. For further particulars, apply to
J. B. BROUILLETTE, Proprietor.
Portland, Feb. 24th, 1866. dtf

Stolen—$50 Reward.

STOLEN FROM THE STABLE OF THE SUBSCRIber, in Stoffata precinct, Clackamas county, 14 miles south of Oregon City, on the night of the 22d instant, a BAY HORSE, about 14½ hands high, thick set, heavy quartered, in good order, four years old—no white about him, except saddle marks. Feet and legs black up to the knee joint. Hoofs large for the size of the horse, shod all around. Short neck and big head. Brand on one shoulder, supposed to be a letter A. $25 will be paid for the horse, or thief, and $50 for both.
A. B. STURGIS,
Feb. 25th, 1866. d&wlm Needy P. O., Oregon.

PACIFIC
Hotel & Restaurant,
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Feb. 25th, 1866. d&wlm Needy P. O., Oregon.

Letter from Forest Grove.
FOREST GROVE, Feb. 27, 1866.
EDITOR OREGONIAN:
Forest Grove is the third place in the State in amount of mail matter received. We are a newspaper making and letter writing community, and yet we have only a weekly mail. An effort is being made which if properly represented must succeed in securing a semi-weekly through mail from Portland to Corvallis via the Plains and Lafayette. This will benefit a number of villages, and bring one of the largest sections, or series of sections, viz: the Tualatin Plains, the Yamhill and La Creole valleys in communication with the rest of the world. If our Representatives had heretofore done what it is believed they might have done, it would long since been accomplished. Our former Representative, Mr. John R. McBride, promised to press the matter. The result was the establishment of another line from Portland to Lafayette via Taylor's Ferry, which would by an intended arrangement, give Lafayette a semi-weekly mail, and benefit no one else, and now we see that that enterprising town is exerting itself to secure a tri-weekly mail from Oregon City, an arrangement of no utility as compared with the proposed line from Portland to Corvallis, except that it gives Lafayette an advantage which no other town may share.
We are here of one mind with Union men throughout the land with reference to the President's veto. It is evident that Johnson, Seward and others are "cramped, cribbed and confined," not by the Constitution, but a *theory* of it, so that they cannot perform their plain duty; that honor and common sense enjoin in reference to the Southern rebels and Southern freedmen. The nation has, I believe, got a common-sense strong enough to break down such constraints, and will go forth in all its freedom and strength to do what ought to be done. Andrew Johnson, W. H. Seward and others, that are disposed to stand in the way, should take warning from the past. We have indicated the *idea of national unity* by a long and bloody war. We shall most assuredly illuminate with equal firmness the *idea of national honor and justice*. We hope so. We believe so. Especially since only firmness and unanimity are necessary to secure the desired triumph.

THE UPPER COLUMBIA.—The *Mountaineer* of Thursday says:
From private letters received in this place from Colville, to the 25th of January, we learn that gold discoveries have been made on a creek which empties into the Columbia between Upper Arrow Lake and Lower Arrow Lake, from the west side. Three diggings conform to the general character of all the discoveries yet made from Big Bend south, and have created a great excitement at Colville, many persons having started up the river in boats. When they arrive at Lower Arrow Lake, they will have to proceed from thence on the ice with sleds.
A son of Mr. Angus McDonald, the principal agent of the Hudson's Bay Company, accidentally cut himself in the thigh with a knife, about the 10th of January, and the wound gangrened, causing his death in a few days afterwards.
A man named Davis, who was living with an Indian woman at Colville, was assassinated about the 15th of January by the mother of his squaw. The old woman stabbed him in the back, producing nearly instant death, and the next day she was found hanging to a cross-beam in her house. The presumption is that she was hung by the friends of Davis, but there was a counter statement that she committed suicide.
The Idaho *Statesman* of the 20th ult., publishes the following:
We have another bona fide Indian item this morning. "Lo" is still on the "war path." Mr. Boyle, one of the drivers of Greathouse & Co., came in last night and reports as follows:
About three o'clock on Sunday morning a band of Indians went to Babbington's, the first station this side of Ruby, and drove off all the stock—some ten or eleven head of horses. They then came down to Parenos, and took two horses. They were next heard from at what is called "Cold Spring" station, this side of Carson's, about sunrise. The man who keeps the station was going out after a bucket of water when a party of Indians fired upon him. He thought about eight in number. There were also some other Indians guarding stock on the hill, a little way off. He ran to the stable, cut the horses loose, mounted one and tried to drive the others, three in number, towards Carson's; but he soon found that he would be surrounded and captured unless he abandoned the three loose horses, which he did, and rode off at full speed, the Indians yelling and firing at him for half a mile or more. He escaped unhurt and the Indians went back to the station and gobbled up all the provisions, blankets and grain sacks, and made off with the stock. The three horses taken at Cold Spring belonged to Bill Beachy; those taken at Babbington's, to several other persons.
A band of Indians recently made their appearance at Brownlee's Ferry, and killed four head of cattle, and drove off four or five head of horses belonging to Mr. Miller. The Indians are supposed to belong to a band whose rendezvous is at or near the mouth of the Grand Ronde river, with about seventy-five warriors.
We learn that Andrew Hall who was shot at his ranche on Jordan Creek last week, is likely to recover.

LATEST NEWS FROM THE UPPER COUNTRY.—The *Mountaineer* of yesterday condenses from various sources as follows:
The Snake Indians attacked the wagon train of Williams & Stewart, on Jordan Creek, on the night of the 31st of January, and drove off ten head of stock. They also appropriated a considerable quantity of provisions and clothing, and destroyed many articles of value. There is a bitter feeling about Owyhee on account of the inhospitality of the military forces stationed in that vicinity.
The people of Owyhee have

The Daily Oregonian.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

BY

MONDAY MORNING MARCH 5, 1866

UNION STATE CONVENTION.

The voters of the several Union Counties who have been and are for maintaining the supremacy of the Union the Constitution and the laws of the United States against all opposition are respectfully invited to hold Conventions according to the usual custom for the election of Delegates to Union State Convention to be held at Corvallis on the 20th day of March 1866 for the purpose of nominating candidates for State and Members of Congress Secretary of State State Treasurer and State Printer We respectfully recommend the holding of County Conventions on the eighth Saturday the 17th day of March 1866 at which time Delegates to the State Convention can be elected It is also recommended that the precinct meetings be held on Saturday the 10th day of March Delegates to the State Convention from each Judicial District assembled at the time of holding said Convention will nominate candidates for Judge and Prosecuting Attorney, where vacancies exist

The several counties are entitled to send Delegates to the State Convention as follows

Baker	4	Lane	7
Benton	8	Linn	10
Clackamas	7	Marion	14
Clatsop	2	Multnomah	11
Coos	2	Polk	6
Curry	1	Tillamook	1
Columbia	1	Umatilla	6
Douglas	7	Union	5
Grant	5	Washington	6
Jackson	5	Wasco	11
Josephine	2	Yamhill	6
Total	122		

J R MOORES
Chairman Union State Central Committee

W. G. WESTON, Secretary

H. W. A.

What is Radicalism?

The noisy brawling which was kept up North and South against the Abolitionists a few years ago, now goes on with equal persistency against the Radicals. "The Puritans, Jacobins, destructive Radicals," are, (we are told) the men who stand in the way of reconstruction and reconciliation. Copperhead journalists and politicians torture their inventive powers in the effort to find terms strong enough to set forth the wickedness and ferocity of the terrible Radicals "Cowardly murderers" and "sanguinary friends" are very common and very mild epithets with these haters of the "monstrous doctrines of Radicalism" Now we ask our Oregon Democrats—you who profess to believe that the Radicals are so dangerous to the country—if it would not be worth the trouble of a little inquiry for you to ascertain what the men whom you so furiously denounce propose to do, and what their "destructive measures" as you call them, consist in. For some people, nothing is easier than to use denunciatory language; and nothing more difficult than to render a good, valid reason for their extreme opinions and violent speech. Does it become men who have spilled blood with their own hands or encouraged others to do it, to call those persons "bloody fanatics," who so reluctantly accepted the wager of battle proffered by the rebels" Let us examine the Radical theory and see what there is in it which is so very dangerous to the public peace.

Hon. R. P. Spalding, one of the leading Congressmen from Ohio, has the reputation of being about as Radical as anybody. He recently delivered a speech in Congress stating what Radicalism is, and what it wishes to exact preparatory to the restoration of full political rights to the revolted States. Will those who have so much to say against the Radicals please look to these conditions:

1. Extend a qualified right of suffrage to the freedmen in the District of Columbia.

2. Amend the Constitution of the United States in respect to the apportionment of Representatives and direct taxes, among the several States of the Union, in such manner, that "people of color" shall not be counted with the population making up the ratio, except it be in States where they are permitted to exercise the elective franchise.

3. Insert a provision in the Constitution prohibiting "nullification" and "secession."

4. Insert a provision in the Constitution prohibiting the repudiation of the national debt, and also prohibiting the assumption by Congress of the rebel debt.

5. Provide in the Constitution that no person, who has, at any time, taken up arms against the United States, shall ever be admitted to a seat in the Senate or House of Representatives in Congress.

The first of these conditions is not of national consequence. The other four fully express the Radical theory. And now we ask: What is there in them which is bloody or revolutionary, or which threatens the safety of the country.

What is there at all objectionable in the proposition to amend the Constitution so that Representatives in Congress may be apportioned among the several States according to their respective voting populations? Is not this a measure which is regard for political equality, the fundamental principle of our system of Government imperatively requires?

For twenty-five years there has been an acrimonious debate over the right of a State to secede from the Union. The most terrible war known in history has been waged over this dogma. Ought not the question to be settled How by Constitutional amendment that no State shall have the right to again attempt a thing which has once thrown us into civil war, and which has cost so much treasure and blood? Ought we to hand this great debate—this fruitful source of dissension down to coming generations?

Chief among the dangers that will soon beset us is the question of the rebel debt. There is danger that in the ever changing phases of our politics a party may sometime come into power which will, if it can, throw the burden of the rebel debt upon the Government. Or such a party, if it did not dare to do this, might seek legally repudiate the debt due to the holders of our national securities. Where is the wrong in providing against both of these possible, or even probable contingencies?

As to the last condition, is it harsh or vindictive to prevent men who have taken the lead in a great effort to overthrow the Government, from settling its councils and becoming its law makers? Does not common prudence suggest their exclusion from its national legislature? Ought men who might have been justly punished with death to complain of the loss of their right to hold office after they have been relieved of all the other consequences of their wrong?

We ask again: Where is there anything objectionable in the Radical theory? Where is the evidence that the Radical creed is bloody and destructive? Rather is not Radicalism sound and practical, and does it not offer the only safe solution for existing difficulties and the only sure prevention of future troubles?

A DEMOCRATIC "LANDMARK" GONE.—The Copperheads of Jackson county have come to grief Their woe is much and grievous Their oracle, the poetic, the sturdy Democrat W G T'Vault, who once left Arkansas for his country's good but more for his own personal safety, has gone from among them. He had been their "land mark," their guide through tribulation their comforter in affliction, their sheet-anchor of hope when their sun obstinately would not shine on Confederate prospects But 'landmark," guide, comforter or sheet anchor he will be to them no more. He has departed from the "eminence of a summer evening," and gone to dwell in places where Confederates more do congregate, and where guerrillas rejoice in the perquisites of road agencies His abode he hath pitched in the "Saint's Rest" of the West, Idaho, where he will soon rejoice all true Confederate democrats, by issuing to them through a new paper the weekly drivelings of his demented but unswervingly staunch Confederate brain Old T has bought the press and material of the incipient *Insulator*, with which Hicks & Bollinger had purposed to afflict the people of the Dalles, and is now on his way to Owyhee We don't know the name of his proposed new paper but it will sing only Confederate psalms set only to Confederate music All the Confederate road agents, guerrillas and bush whackers will join with him in the chorus

State Items

The necessary machinery for making oil from flaxseed has been ordered from Washington, by a party in Salem A company is in contemplation which proposes to manufacture linseed oil and eventually to introduce the manufacture of linen The *Statesman* in speaking of the matter pronounces in favor of cropping a portion of the lands of the State in flax, instead of devoting all to grain, and expresses the opinion that it will be found more profitable

The steamers *Lenore* and *Belle* each brought down on Saturday very large numbers of hogs, from the upper Willamette valley We notice also the frequent arrival of horses destined for the market east of the Cascade mountains The low price of freight now ruling induces these movements

The *Mountaineer* of Saturday states that the Indians have again made their appearance on the Canyon City road On the 22d ult they drove off a band of thirty six horses from Muddy belong to the stage company White men are suspected of being connected with the affair The theft of the stock and robbers was followed in the direction of Warm Springs Reservation, which leads to the belief that the Indians of that reservation are, perhaps, the guilty parties

A resident of the Dalles, upon having the Confederate "Lieut Col John Lane," pointed out to him, remarked "Your town is honored by—We of the Dalles have never yet aspired to the honor of anything in Confederate shape above a guerrilla or a ten cent rebel shinplaster", We immediately queried which town had been most honored

The *Agriculturist and Planman* says that John Cogswell of Lane county, has recently sold 700 mutton sheep at $3 50 per head He has on hand 22,000 pounds of wool, and for sale, about $10 000 worth of wool and mutton The average weight of fleeces in his flock of 900, was six pounds

The P T Co is getting out the material, at Milwaukie, for a new steamer to ply on the upper Willamette. It will be of considerably lighter draught than any steamer ever built for that trade

Mr Myers of Jackson county, the owner of the celebrated *Cobery*, will soon bring to the State another fine stallion

The commissioners appointed by the Legislature to superintend the erection of the public buildings at Salem have advertised for materials for the penitentiary

Rev. J. F Damon, late of this city, has been formally installed in charge of the Congregational church at Albany

The Union Convention for Linn county has been called for the 17th day of this month

The Albany *Journal* has just completed its second volume.

News from Idaho

We obtain the following items from the *World* of the 17th ult.

Two pack trains arrived last week from the lower country, loaded with flour, which last article is down to $16.

The thermometer has been in low latitudes of late. On Wednesday and Thursday as low as 10 degrees below zero. The days are bright and sunny, but the nights are terrible.

A miner at Pine Grove had a leg broken lately by the caving in of a bank A Mr Nicholson on the Bar had both legs broken one day this week from the same cause.

An application to Judge Kelly to release Slocum, the defaulter, on *habeas corpus*, was denied

W. M. Vance, J. P. at Pioneer City, writes Feb. 12th, that the body of a man had been found the day before, near that place, hanging by the neck to a tree, From appearances, it had hung there a long time, and those who buried the remains were of opinion that the person had committed the act himself He was apparently an American, about 35 years of age, about six feet high, slim in stature. Had on four woolen shirts, two pair of pants, one pair made of canvass and the other pair of steel mixed, with a large patch on each knee—gum boots with the tops cut off The boot on the right foot had a hole cut the inside ankle, and a patch on the instep about the size of a silver dollar. There were no papers or valuables of any kind on the body The face, head and the left breast and the side of the body were very much disfigured, having had all the flesh torn from them by the birds and vermin. The body was buried near where found

INDIAN FIGHT.—A fight occurred on the west side of Fish Creek Valley, about sixty miles west of Paradise Valley, on the 11th January—between the Indians and a portion of the California troops under Capt. Conrad The Indians fought with desperation. They were commanded by Capt John, who killed Capt McDermitt. He was killed with McDermitt's rifle in his hand Thirty-five Indians were left dead on the field. Several whites were badly wounded The Indian camps were all destroyed.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.—We are informed from the Vancouver *Register* that Captain H G Hodges, Chief Quartermaster of the Department, has been promoted to the rank of Brevet Lieut Colonel in the regular army It is also reported that the same honor has been conferred on Major S Francis, Paymaster Lieut Henton has been made a captain in the 14th Infantry, and assigned to a command at Fort Disappointment. Captain Knox of the W T Volunteers, has been appointed Lieutenant in the regular army.

A new schooner built at Steilacoom, W T., by H. G Williamson, left that place for San Francisco, on the 27th ult., with a cargo of lumber, for Pincus, Packshur and Light The same builder is about to lay the keel of another and larger vessel to be completed during the season

Some of the people of Walla Walla, who are of an inquiring turn of mind, are discussing the question whether departed spirits ever come back to earth Down here, when spirits are found to have departed, further inquiry is deemed altogether useless.

Donahue, the murderer of Ford Patterson, has been fully committed to answer the charge of murder, at the next term of the District Court. He waived an examination He adheres to his statement that he killed Patterson, because of threats, and in preservation of his own life Patterson's friends deny that he had ever uttered any threats.

VICTORIA ITEMS.—The *Colonist* says that the anniversary of Washington's birth day was celebrated at Victoria, by a general display of the flags of all nationalities, and that the citizens generally joined with the Americans in doing honor to the memory of America's greatest man.

One of the Indians engaged in the Thoradyke murders, was brought down from Nanaimo, on the 25th ult., in charge of Sergt Blake, who had arrested him after a severe struggle

The *Colonist* fills two columns with the particulars of a recent prize fight between Joe Eden an Englishman, and George Baker, a Canadian in which Eden pounded Baker scientifically, and Baker mauled Eden artistically, until, at the end of one hour and fifty two minutes, Baker gave up the contest, having bravely fought 128 rounds The *Colonist* eulogizes the contestants as "plucky," the fight as a 'plucky' one and the whole affair as very pleasant and 'game

THE REGULATOR OF DEMOCRATIC STRENGTH Just prior to the late election in Wisconsin a loyal Democrat of that State went home to vote. His town which had formerly voted Copperhead went for the Union nominees by a handsome majority He gives the following as the reason of this political change The Copperheads were greatly mortified by their defeat If you will study the elections you will find that Democratic majorities are ruled by the price of whisky For instance when four hundred was the Democratic majority in town county, whisky was then worth eighteen cents per gallon Whisky went up to seventy five cents and the majority fell to nothing A still further advance in whisky to $1 75 per gallon and the Unionists carried the county by three hundred majority, and have held it ever since Now it is $2 75 per gallon and the Democratic leaders can't afford to treat as formerly hence we carry the State by more than 10 000 majority '

By Overland Telegraph,

[DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN]

DATES TO MARCH 2.

Congress—The Pacific Railroad

WASHINGTON March 2—In the Senate Mr Nesmith introduced a petition from the officers of the Pacific coast asking an increase of pay Referred and ordered to be printed

Mr Cowan presented a petition of the officers of the United States army asking for an international copyright law between the United States and Great Britain which was referred to the committee on foreign relations

Mr Lane offered a resolution instructing the judiciary committee to prepare and report to the Senate a bill giving all needful and necessary power to enable the Circuit Court of California to settle the private claims which was referred

The bill granting lands in aid of the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Pacific coast between the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company with the fee of alternate sections of land designated by odd numbers on each side of the road to the amount of ten alternate sections per mile, and granting the right of way through the public lands with the right to the stone, timber and earth from adjacent lands for the construction of the road for a distance of two hundred feet on each side of the road to be granted, the right of the public remains, including the present necessary for stations and other buildings

An extinction of Indian titles as rapidly as possible, as all titles fail, as to these lands falling under such grant, but not without the consent of the President Coal and iron lands will be regarded as mineral No mineral lands shall be taken from the Government at Pacific Railroad prices the construction of the construction within two years and the completion of not less than fifty miles each year and the construction and equipment of the whole line by the 4th of July, 1868 It authorizes the Southern Pacific Railroad of California to connect with the Atlantic and Pacific

Mr Sumner presented the petition of John A Andrews and others asking that a change be made of electing the President of the United States so as to abolish electoral delegates and elect by the popular vote The House concurred

The bill providing for the readmission to their seats of the Senators and Representatives from the Southern States until Congress shall declare such States entitled to representation was taken up Mr Irwin spoke against the proposition The Senate then adjourned

In the House, Mr Higby presented a memorial from the Legislature of California, remonstrating against the construction of any overland railroad and telegraph line to California

The House Committee on Pacific railroads considered the question of further aid to the Northern Route yesterday, but without reporting a favorable disposition.

Senator Doolittle Sustains the President

NEW YORK March 1—Senator Doolittle addressed a meeting of Republicans at New Haven last night, called for the purpose of sustaining the President and endorsing his policy. Mr. Doolittle called on Republicans to stand by the President, and contended that Johnson had carried out every requirement of the Baltimore Platform. He insisted on the immediate admission of loyal members from Tennessee He opposed forcing negro suffrage on the South and said that when Grant recently assured him that it would result in a war of extermination—opposed amending the Constitution in any way, maintaining that changing the basis of representation is unnecessary.

Enthusiastic Political Meeting at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE March 1—At a meeting to sustain the policy of Congress, great enthusiasm was manifested. Senators Cresswell and Trumbull of Illinois, Nye of Nevada and representatives McKee of Kentucky, F Thomas and J L Thomas of Maryland, and others, spoke Senator Trumbull reviewed the recent speech of Secretary Seward in New York

Meeting in Canada Favoring Confederation.

CORNWALL, C W, March 1.—At a public demonstration and dinner given by members of Government last evening, speeches were made by Hon. Mowat Galt, Carter, Howland and McDonald Last night confederation of the British provinces is now certain of accomplishment in a few weeks Referring to the militia, it was said that Canada had now two thousand well drilled officers to lead them

Southwest Branch of the Pacific Railroad

ST LOUIS, March 2 —By an act of the legislature the name of the southwest branch of the Pacific Railroad has been changed to the South Pacific Railroad, and three commissioners have been appointed to conduct sale under foreclosure of State mortgages Commissioners organized with Gen. Osterhaus as president. There are two parties, one headed by Daniel S Dickinson, and the other by Gen. Fremont, who are straining every nerve to get hold of the road

Habeas Corpus Suspended in Ireland.

NEW YORK March 3 —Steamer news of the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus in Ireland creates great excitement in Fenian circles Proclamations have been issued to all circles to be on the alert and O'Mahony's belief is that fighting has begun in Ireland.

Fenian excitement in this city, over the news received by yesterday's steamer, is increasing, and there is much activity of the headquarters of the brotherhood

Minister to Venezuela.

The *Post* a Washington special dispatch says that the President has re-nominated Gen. Asboth as Minister to Venezuela. Application for a new trial of Gonzales and Pettigrew, convicted of the murder of Otero, was to-day granted in the Supreme Court.

Stocks—Arrival of Refugees.

NEW YORK, March 2d.—Sales of 2,000 California State Sevens, at 115, Atlantic Mail at 124, Pacific Mail at 208, Mariposa preferred at 17½

The *Journal of Commerce* of New York mentions the arrival in that city of an interesting family of Polish refugees from Russian bondage They comprised the father and mother of Colonel Julian Allen, a merchant of New York, who is in that and three sisters. It was stated that one son, who was implicated in the revolution in 1863, is still in Siberia A few weeks since C C Allen addressed a note to President Johnson praying that although it was an unusual course and without a precedent, he would by a kind word to the Emperor Alexander interfere in behalf of his exiled brother

In response to his request, he received the following letter It speaks well for the kind heart of the President:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, D. C, Jan 16, 1866

TO JULIAN ALLEN, Esq, New York:—*Sir* Your letter of the 30th November last, addressed to the President, has been referred to this Department. I have to inform in reply that the United States Minister at St Petersburg has been requested to make an informal application to the Russian Government with a view to changing the exile of Michael Mayerdown from Siberia to this country I am sir, your obedient servant,

W HUNTER, Acting Secretary.

The mother alluded to is a sister and Col Allen a nephew of H. M Edes, formerly of San Francisco, and now a merchant of Panama

California News—Arrests—Suit for Damages.

SAN FRANCISCO March 3d —John H Mills and John O Grady, the pall bearers and partners of Chas Mayer, have been arrested charged with the robbery of the body a few days since The complaint charges them with the robbery of $4 000 but upon application being made to admit defendants to bail, it transpired that actually some $13,000 was stolen Notwithstanding previous protestations to the contrary of all parties interested, on the strength of the alleged loss of $13,000, it was urged by the prosecution that bail should be fixed at $15,000; in such case which gave rise to a prolonged discussion, which was finally settled by an agreement to investigate the circumstances at once before Judge Hoe in Department 2 when the amount of bail required of them will be determined upon What the testimony against the defendants is we have no means of knowing One suspicious circumstance against Mills is, that a number of letters which had been posted in the Box at the Hotel by guests to be shipped in the steerage were found in his possession, the seals upon a portion of which were found to be unbroken

It is said that the Russ House proprietors have determined to pay depositors the money they have set within it compelling them to appeal to the courts.

John J Gallagher commenced suit in the fourth district court yesterday against H Casebolt to recover the sum of twenty thousand dollars damages for injuries alleged to have been sustained through the carelessness of defendant The complainant alleges that the defendant is the owner and proprietor of the Occidental market on Sutter street that on the 22d of January last, plaintiff while passing out of the public market, fell through a hole or hatchway in the sidewalk, which had been carelessly left open without covering or the right caller being from the effects of which he has not yet recovered, and that he has been unable to use his right arm since

Money Market—Arrivals.

SAN FRANCISCO March 3 —The price of gold at New York yesterday was 135¼, and sterling 109½

A private telegram from New York reports London money market as easier with reduction in Bank of England rates to 7 per cent daily expected Silver had declined to 60@60¾

Arrived 2d—Brig *Kentucky*, 20 days from Honolulu Returned—United States flag ship *Lancaster*, hence for Valparaiso, on discovering when three days at sea the mainsail livery valve Also schooner *Wall eit* having carried away head stays 3d —French brig *St Louis*, 20 days to Shasta in ballast

Sailed 2d—Steamer *California*, San Diego, schooner *Two Brothers* Navarro River

NASBY ON THE ABOLITION OF SLAVERY —Mr Nasby has heard of the abolition of slavery and has written a letter thereupon Here are the two first sentences

At last the deed is done! The tirunkle Government which has swayed at Washington has finally extinguished the last glimmerin flicker of liberty, by abolishin slavery!

Nasby looks on the situation from a purely Democratic standpoint The substance of all that the Democratic papers have said about the adoption of the constitutional amendment, is contained in the ejaculation 'Liberty is lost because slavery is abolished!'

INCONSISTENT.—When Daniel Webster was delivering his memorable speech at the dedication of Bunker Hill Monument, the crowd pressed forward to such an extent that some were fainting and some being crushed Officers strove in vain to make the crowd stand back They said it could not be done Some one asked Mr Webster to make an appeal to them The great orator came forward, stretched forth his hand and said in loud, stentorian tones "Gentlemen, stand back" It cannot be done, they shouted 'Gentlemen stand back,' said he without a change of tone 'It is impossible, Mr Webster impossible" "Impossible!" repeated Mr Webster impossible! Nothing is impossible on Bunker Hill;' and the vast crowd swayed and rolled back like a mighty wave of the ocean

MAJOR GENERAL STEELE.—A day or two since we had the pleasure of a call from Major General Steele, the new commander of the Department of the Columbia The Vancouver *Register* of Saturday gives the following just and appropriate sketch of this distinguished officer and gentleman and of his important and patriotic services

General Steele graduated in 1843 in the same class as Gen Grant, Gen Ingalls Gen Hartsuff &c, and was assigned to the 20th Infantry, and served with his regiment all through the Mexican war, winning much distinction After the termination of the war he came to this coast with his regiment via Cape Horn, and served in California until 1851, when his regiment again went East and was assigned to duty in Minnesota and Nebraska and stationed on the plains The commencement of the rebellion found him at Fort Kearney, commanding his company From thence he repaired to Fort Leavenworth and shortly after joined Gen. Lyon, and was a Captain in the battle of Wilson's Creek where that distinguished officer was slain He was soon promoted to be a Brigadier General and served in important commands all through the campaigns in the Southwest He commanded a division at the surrender of Vicksburg doing most important service on that glorious campaign In the early part of 1861 he commanded at Little Rock, Arkansas At the siege of Mobile he commanded an army starting from Pensacola and was at the storming of the Spanish Fort, and Fort Blakely which gave us Mobile and its environs In June last he was sent in command to Brazos Santiago and served in Texas until assigned to the Department of the Columbia

No officer of the army was more constantly in the field from the commencement of the rebellion to its close Indeed he was never out of the field and in all the positions in which he served he did so with honor to himself and advantage to the country Gen Steele has well won his honor and his place, and the military and citizens of this Department gladly welcome him among them as well for his personal merits as for the noble part he has borne in the struggles of the country with the great rebellion We delight to honor the patriot heroes whose names are made immortal by their devotion to justice, liberty and Union

MRS. A ALLEN'S WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING You cannot be bald or grey and at the same time not sick nor can I banish your Hair if you use them Sold by all Druggists

Agents, Hostetter, Smith & Dean, San Francisco.

NEW TO-DAY.

JACOB UNDERHILL & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

IRON and STEEL,

CUMBERLAND COAL,

Blacksmith's Tools,

COBBINS N Y HAND MADE HORSE NAILS,

ENGLISH & AMERICAN HARDWARE,

IRON & STEEL

FOR SALE AT REDUCED RATES

JACOB UNDERHILL & CO

mch5d2p1f No 100 Front Street Portland Oregon

Painting! Painting!

M'KECHNIE & M'DOUGALL,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL

PAINTERS,

GLAZIERS MARBLERS, DECORATIVE PAPER HANGERS and General Gilders

Looking Glass and Picture Frames Re-Gilt and Re-Burnished Plain and Ornamental

GROUND GLASS Manufactured to order for Sidewalks Transoms, Skylights and other Interior Decorations

COMPOSITION ORNAMENTS made for Steamboat Cabins and Store Decorations.

ENGRAVING ON GLASS AND METALS

The above named having been Practical Workmen for 25 years, guarantee to give Perfect Satisfaction to all who may patronize them at the

SIGN OF ST MICHAEL,
mch6d1p1f Front St, opposite the Court House.

Virginia City, Montana and Blackfoot

OVERLAND STAGE LINE!

BEN. HOLLADAY . . Proprietor.

CONCORD STAGES!

LEAVE BOISE CITY EVERY OTHER DAY for

BLACKFOOT,

SALT LAKE CITY, DENVER CITY,

MISSOURI RIVER,

Connecting at SALT LAKE CITY with Concord Stages Running to

Virginia City, Nevada

AND SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

FARE:

Boise City to Salt Lake City	$100 00
" " " Virginia City Montana	125 00
" " " Missouri River, Legal Tenders $300 Gold, $200	400 00

For further information apply at OVERLAND STAGE LINE OFFICE, Boise City, I. T.,

JNO M TODD, Agent

Boise City, February 10, 1866 mch6d1m

Freight & Passage to San Francisco

REDUCED!

The New Steam Propeller

MONTANA,

1,000 TONS REGISTER,

KELLY . . . Commander,

Will leave this Port on or about

MONDAY MARCH 5TH, 1866,

at 5 o'clock P M

FOR SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT,

CABIN PASSAGE . $20

STEERAGE . $10

FREIGHT, . . . $4 per ton

feb26d4t McCRAKEN MERRILL & CO Agents

FLANDERS & FELTON,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

WALLULA, W. T.

PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO RECEIVING and Forwarding Goods to all parts of the Mines in Washington and Idaho Territories also to the Blackfoot Mines Freights paid and Goods Stored on Consignments made to us.

All business intrusted to us promptly attended to

Mark Goods care of M & F Wallula.

FLANDERS & FELTON

Have on hand and keep for sale a large Assortment of

Groceries and Liquors.

feb21 dtf

GLOBE HOTEL,

Corner of North Front and C Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Portland and the traveling community that they are ready to receive and entertain all who may favor them with a call in a manner and at prices to suit the times

THE GLOBE is a NEW HOUSE, just finished the rooms are large, well ventilated and tastily furnished with easy beds & The table will always be supplied with the very best the market affords It will be the constant and earnest endeavor of the proprietors to conduct the GLOBE HOTEL so as to give entire satisfaction to all Strangers they would therefore respectfully solicit the patronage of the public

mar1 3m LAUER & SCHADE

A J KANE J E KELLOGG

KANE & KELLOGG,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OFFICE WITH BILLS & CO.,

Corner of Stark and Second Streets,

PORTLAND OREGON

GOODS FORWARDED DIRECT FROM PORTLAND to Umatilla, Boise City Idaho City South Boise Owyhee and all parts of Blackfoot Mines

We have a FIRE PROOF WAREHOUSE at Umatilla City, where all goods for the Upper County are Reshipped Mark Goods care of K & K

REFERENCES IN PORTLAND

All mail will receive prompt attention H Failing
Bills & Co Kamp, Burrell & Co
mch3 J C Bell Salem dtf

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE

FOR

SHERIFF OF MULTNOMAH COUNTY

At the ensuing June Election,

H. W. DAVIS.

feb16dtf

WILLAMETTE THEATRE!

THOS WARD Lessee and Manager
A R PHILIPS Stage Manager
RALPH PHILIPS Treasurer
M. FISCHER Leader of Orchestra

BENEFIT OF

JOHNNY MASON!

AND POSITIVELY

The Last Night of the Season!

MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 5, 1866,

Will be performed the Admirable Play of

PIZARRO!

ELVIRA	FANNY MORGAN PHELPS
ROLLA (the Peruvian Leader)	A R PHILIPS
ALONZO (the Spanish Leader)	MR SHIPLEY
OROZEMBO	MR WARD

CLOG DANCE JOHNNY MASON

MR NICHOLAS LUNDEN has volunteered to deliver his Lecture entitled TO ARMS! to all Enlisted

IRISH JIG JOHNNY MASON

To conclude with the Laughable Farce of

PERFECTION!

Kate O'Brien (with Songs)	Fanny Morgan Phelps
Charles Paragon	A R Philips

BOX BOOK open from 10 till 5 daily Doors open at half past 6 Performances to commence precisely at half past 7.

Admission

Dress Circle and Parquette . . $1 00
Pit . . 50

FIFTH ANNUAL BALL

OF THE

PORTL'ND HIBERNIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY

Will be given at the

LINCOLN HOUSE,

ON THE

17th of March, 1866,

Committee of Arrangements.

W P BURKE E DAHALIS,
B BARRY J SWEENEY,
P B SINNOTT, C CROUTH

Reception Committee.

W P BURKE, A SMILLON,
P B SINNOTT

Floor Managers.

M O'CONNOR P J MARTIN,
F GATENS, M GLEASON

MUSIC by the Regimental Band of the 14th United States Infantry, Professor G T Adkins Conductor

W P. BURKE, President.
B BARRY Secretary feb26td

THE HOME

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Of New York,

HAVE ESTABLISHED

AN AGENCY FOR OREGON

IN THIS CITY,

Apply to

DAVID E SWAN,
General Agent,
Corner of Third and Morrison Streets,

Or to R OLIVER, M D Medical Examiner,
fe27d1m 95 Front Street, (up stairs)

PAINTING,

Papering, Graining,

HOUSE PAINTING,

Plain and Decorated Paper Hanging,

GLAZING AND GRAINING,

Every Description of SIGN & ORNAMENTAL WORK,

Gilding on Glass, &c., &c.,

WALL PAINTING, WHITENING, OR COLORING any Character Tint, and all else pertaining to the trade attended to promptly under our immediate supervision, in a first-class manner. Terms Reasonable

MILLS & THOMAS,
27 Stark Street, opposite the Theatre,
mch26tf Portland, Oregon

L A SCOTT E STARKWEATHER.

SCOTT & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,

114 Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

HAVE JUST OPENED A NEW AND WELL SELECTED STOCK of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, TOBACCO, &c &c

Goods by the Package, for Cash, at Wholesale Prices.

Orders Promptly Filled.

Portland March 26, 1866. 82p1f

HAYWARD, COLEMAN & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

CRANDALL & TOWLE,

Importers of

LAMPS, OILS, LAMP STOCK

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c., &c.,

No. 99 Front St., Portland.

and 414 Front street, San Francisco. no25-d1f

E. MARTIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

Wines and Liquors!

NO. 48 FRONT STREET,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

NOS 604 AND 606 FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

N B—Orders promptly filled in San Francisco, if desired oct21tf d&w

H. GUIDO CROB,

Graduate of Planel's Conservatoire of Music, San Francisco,

AND LATE PIANIST AT MAGUIRE'S THEATRES for the past three years, takes pleasure in announcing to the public of Portland, and vicinity, that he has secured the LARGE AND COMMODIOUS HALL above S G Reynolds's Music Store on First street, corner of Alder where he will receive pupils for tuition on the PIANO, VIOLIN, ORGAN and HARMONY by the thorough system practiced in the above Celebrated Academy

Orders for the MECHANIC'S BRASS & STRING BAND left here jy19d1f2p

QUICKSILVER!

THE UNDERSIGNED, AGENTS FOR SALE OF

NEW ALMADEN QUICKSILVER!

WILL SELL FOR CASH

CHEAPER than it can be Purchased Elsewhere.

SMITH & DAVIS,
Portland, May 30, 1865 —dtf 71 Front Street.

LEWISTON & WARRENS EXPRESS,

J. S. RAMSEY & CO., Proprietors,

(Successors to Drought Bros)

IN VIEW OF A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS WE HAVE completed arrangements for the Regular Carrying of the Express from and to Lewiston and Warrens via Slate Creek Jolly Dog Creek, (Salmon River) White Bird and Florence

Connections made at Lewiston with Wells Fargo & Co

All business entrusted to our care will meet with prompt attention

Lewiston I T Feb 27 1866 d6m

J. M'HENRY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,

LAMPS, PLATED WARE, &C.

NO. 94 FRONT STREET,

fe9 PORTLAND OREGON dtf

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE STEAMER ECHO will transport Freight as follows:

From Portland to Portia . . $5 per ton
" Harrisburg . . " "
" Eugene City . . " "

Down Freight same as up

Except Freight in Portland Steamer ALERT will Receive

Portland, Jan 31 1866 ALEX P ANKENNY dtf

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

KILBOURN & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS,

No. 96 Front Street,

WILL ATTEND TO THE SELLING AT AUCTION Merchandize, Real Estate, Furniture, Stocks, &c., &c.

Regular Sale Days—Tuesdays & Fridays.

OUT DOOR AND SPECIAL SALES attended to in any part of the City

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES made on Consignments

OSCAR KILBOURN L L GUMBINNER
au20tf Portland San Francisco

REGULAR SALE

TUESDAY, MARCH 6TH, 1866

at 10 o'clock A M.,

New & Second-Hand

FURNITURE!

Consisting of

CHAMBER SETTS,

SPRING MATTRASSES;
BEDSTEADS, BUREAUS;
CENTER and DINING TABLES;
CHAIRS SOFAS, LOUNGES;
CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS
CROCKERY & GLASSWARE;
PICTURES AND MIRRORS;
PARLOR and COOKING STOVES,
ONE SUPERB LADIES' DIAMOND WATCH;
AND A LARGE VARIETY OF

MERCHANDISE!

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

J. M. FOX,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES & LIQUORS!

87 FRONT ST, PORTLAND, 87

(Opposite the O. S. S. Co.'s Wharf.)

Offers for sale

Pine Apple and Medium Standard Brands of Virginia Whiskies

Scotch and Irish Whiskies,

Holland Gin,

Fine Old Tom,

Jamaica Rum,

PORT, SHERRY and CLARET WINES,

Also, a full assortment of

Cigars & Tobacco,

Which are offered to the trade on reasonable terms.

June 9, 1865. 81f2p J. M. FOX.

WINES! WINES! WINES

H. SAXE,

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN THE CELEBRATED BRANDS OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES!

APPLY AT THE

CALIFORNIA WINE DEPOT!!

NO. 89 FIRST STREET.

A LARGE STOCK OF ALL KINDS OF CALIFORNIA WINES,

WHITE WINES,

FRENCH WINES.

Dealers and Consumers will do well to examine and price this Stock before purchasing elsewhere

Portland, Jan. 4, 1866. 1y

SPRING OF 1866.

WE OFFER FOR THE SPRING TRADE,

1,000 Crates EARTHENWARE,

2,000 Casks GLASSWARE,

AT WHOLESALE, OR RE-PACKED IN LOTS TO SUIT.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS

FOR COUNTRY TRADE.

NEW HAVEN CLOCK CO.

AND AMERICAN CLOCK CO.'S

CLOCKS!

A COMPLETE STOCK OF OUR

Superior Quality

PLATED WARE,

&c., &c.

We are now prepared to Furnish

HOTELS AND STEAMERS

IN THE VERY BEST MANNER.

HAYNES & LAWTON,

516 and 518 Sansome St., Cor. Merchant,

feb26 SAN FRANCISCO. d2p1m

E. W. TRACY & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO TRACY & KING,)

ASSAYERS,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Highest Price Paid for

GOLD DUST, LEGAL TENDER, &C.

Mining Stocks Bought and Sold.

OFFICE—58 Front street, 1st door below Ankeny's.

ap1d1tf

R. HENDRIE,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

FINE WINES!

BRANDIES AND LIQUORS,

91 Front Street,

mh7 PORTLAND, OREGON, dtf

Western Hotel,

Corner of Morrison and First streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

S D SMITH Proprietor

THIS HOUSE HAS RECENTLY BEEN EXTENSIVELY enlarged

Rooms Hard Finished and Newly Furnished

A Baggage Wagon will be at the Steamers to bring baggage to the House Free of Charge feb26d1p1f

Marine Insurance!

THE PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO,

IS PREPARED TO INSURE AGAINST ALL MARINE and INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on Treasure, Cargo or Freight

mch16d2p LADD & TILTON, Agents.

Fresh Oysters!

A VERY FINE LOT OF

FRESH SHOAL WATER BAY

OYSTERS!

Just arrived and for sale at

feb28dtf THE GEM.

AUCTION HOUSE

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER

Corner of Front and Oak Sts

AUCTION SALES

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES.

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday

au26 A B RICHARDSON, Auct.

At

The Daily Oregonian.

CITY.

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tender rates..... 53@53½
New York Gold Quotations..... 136

HORRIBLE AFFAIR—THE UMATILLA MURDER.—We received further particulars on Saturday night concerning the late horrible murder and outrage in Umatilla county.

Rumors of all kinds have been in circulation concerning the affair, and the *Mountaineer* says that from the truth, so far as it can be measured, it appears that the murdered man, Mr. Wm. Stoughton, living on the Boise road, near the Twelve Mile House, had been accused of attempting to poison his brother-in-law, George Fry, who is a man periodically insane. Stoughton, however, was a citizen of excellent character, and no notice was taken of the charge, which probably was never believed by any person whatever. One night, something over a week ago, a party of about a dozen men, on horseback came to his house and arrested him on the pretense of having a warrant for him. Stoughton and his wife did not like to let it the case the men rode up to the house, and he was assured that if he would go to the Twelve Mile House and find security for his appearance the next day, he would be allowed to return home. The party then took him, and proceeded a short distance from the house, secured a tripod with three rails and hung him up to it. Here he was found the next morning with his feet nearly touching the ground. The news spreading abroad of the terrible outrage, the authorities have gone energetically to work to bring the perpetrators to justice. Several persons had been arrested at last accounts, and it is probable that the gallows will yet revenge the murderous murder of Stoughton. Two men, supposed to be implicated, gave an examination, and over one hundred witnessed had given testimony in the case, and as many more were coming to give testimony. It is generally supposed that all that is now to be done against those was the leader of the party who committed the murder. The charge of strychnine poisoning is not believed in that section of country, and whether true or not, the crime of those who hung him is murder of the blackest kind. The father of Stoughton's wife, and the brother George.—Mr. Almey Fry, Sen., of Linn County, called upon us on Friday evening, on his way up to Umatilla. He says that these last never been anything appearing in the letters received from the family, to show that they were the least tainted—others, but on the contrary, from the known character of Stoughton he has cause to believe they lived happily. Mr. Fry had not heard of the tragedy on his arrival here. His wife was on his way to see his son, Geo., who is very ill, and desirous of having him come home. Having learned the worst, he will now return to Linn county, to meet his son, who arrived by Saturday's boat from Salem, will leave for Umatilla to-day. We think there has never been a more horrible outrage than this recorded in the annals of crime upon the Pacific coast.

THE JOS. ——.—This steamer will leave for San Francisco, to-day at 4 o'clock P. M. There are various reports in circulation, calculated to detract from the value of this vessel. The method her officers transact their part of the business, and shown by the passengers who came up on her. That she is a "slow poke," will be seen in the figures, for she has not fallen greatly behind the fastest boats of the *Pacific*. She don't look much like a "slow poke." Her cabins are too small, allow it—but the ——— cabin is to be enlarged, and as regards ——— ——— ———

Sketches of Travel in the South

[The writer of the following sketches spent the months of June and July 1865 in the States of Mississippi and Tennessee He had opportunities for learning the sentiments and temper of the people there The record of what he saw will be found interesting The writer is at present a citizen of Portland]

The election for delegates to the convention for amending the constitution of Mississippi came off about the 10th of August 1865 July was therefore, a busy month in fixing up things, preparatory to said election President Johnson had already issued his amnesty proclamation prescribing the qualifications of the electors and had appointed Judge Sharkey Provisional Governor In July Governor Sharkey issued his proclamation fixing the day for the election, and in order to set the machinery of State in motion again, (for it must be remembered that all civil government had been suspended for the past three years,) where it was possible the old county officers were reinstated , in other cases appointments were made by applications, through petitions from the citizens of their respective counties

Gen Sharkey by his proclamation required the county judge to appear before some provost marshal and take the amnesty oath then said county Judge was qualified to administer said oath to the other county officers and they having passed through, as they term it, this 'galvanizing process,' were fully prepared to galvanize their constituents.

While jogging along on horseback through that portion of Mississippi where Forrest had disputed the passage of detachments of our army, command edby Gen Smith and others, at different periods the vast number of graves, without order of arrangement, or that care in securing them from the ruthless ploughshare, the whitened bones that lay strown about, bleaching in the sun, the rifle pits, and other earthworks, the solitary chimney, blackened with the charred remains of the once stately mansion, and the absence of fencing, all plainly showed that war had been terrible war there. A man must indeed have a heart of stone, if it did not feel sad on such an occasion, and on viewing such scenes But it is not my purpose to speak of the past. Let that be buried and forgotten ; the present and future are ours

While traveling along thus, I came up with a pretty good-looking, jovial old Southern gentleman. He seemed very sociable, and we soon became engaged in earnest conversation on the state of the country. I soon learned that it was Judge ——, County Judge of —— , was just on his way from Oakland, where he had undergone the "galvanizing process." The Judge had been an original Secessionist, voted for final seperation and had given the Confederacy all the moral and material aid that he could command. Did not like the Yankees, their manners, habits or associations, for by their associations and intermarriage with the lower classes of Europe, who were the only emigrants of this country, they had lost (if they ever had) that noble blood which coursed the veins of our honored ancestors. The Southern families had alone transmitted it pure to the present generation. He did not believe that the ruling class should engage in common drudgery. The inferior classes were predestined to perform all physical labor, that being the true theory. We must develop the physical powers of the laboring classes ; that if we attempt to strengthen their mental faculties, we weaken the physical, and thereby destroy caste and demoralize the best element of society. In these great facts the Yankees could not be brought to believe, and consequently their institutions were based upon an entirely different hypothesis. While these differences existed, there could be no harmony. We of the South have been overpowered in our efforts to establish a Government on true principles ; but those principles never die, and we have faith in their ultimate success. I ventured to enquire of him how he felt on becoming a citizen of the United States again. He said he expected he felt just as many other Southern men did, and he could not describe it better than to compare it to what a man's feelings would be that was overpowered and thrust into a dungeon without having committed wrong. The Yankees—he continued have a great aversion to slavery, therefore we will pass an ordinance abolishing it. This, he thought, would open the doors of Congress for their admission. Five-fifths of our niggers will then be represented instead of three-fifths, which will increase our Congressional delegation. Then with a small Democratic gain in the North-West and extreme West, we will have the political power in both branches of Congress.

"I intend to take the oath and will cast my vote ; I know it is a bitter pill, but the Yankees are determined that Mississippi shall go back into the Union. Now, if we don't go to work immediately and do it, the Yankees will enfranchise the niggers and get them to do it for us.

"I make a virtue of necessity. Now is the time to act. If we want to keep the right of suffrage from the niggers we must hurry up and be able to meet the question in the halls of Congress. Delay is dangerous to us." So the work of "restoration" went on.

The next day I had a very conservative individual for my traveling companion. He said he was a Protestant Methodist preacher, was considered a mild and conservative man, even among that mild and conservative church. They had never set out their relations with the Northern branch of their church. He considered this church as more conservative than the original Methodist South. He had never regarded slavery as right per se, but only tolerated it for the time, as the best possible condition that the negro could be placed in preparatory to civilizing and Christianizing him. It was a great task, and would take a long time to accomplish it, but he had faith in its ultimate accomplishment. He was opposed to and voted against secession—believed that the South ought to have contended for her rights in the Union—believed the South ought to have a voice now in the councils of the nation, and it was arbitrary despotism to refuse it. When the war broke out he believed it his duty to go in the capacity of chaplain. He did so, but in the course of time it was deemed advisable to dispense with that branch of the service, and he then went in the ranks as a private soldier. He believed he did his duty in both capacities.

I distinctly acquired what assurance they had, that the Northern Democrats would unite with them in forming a great National party. "Why, sir," said the Judge, "They can't surely go over to their old adversaries the Black Republicans. They must, of course, come over to us or be left out in the cold.

"We can form an alliance with them that will result to our mutual benefit. They can stand by us in protecting our interests, prevent Congress from interfering in our domestic concerns ; sustain us in the labor systems that we may adopt in lieu of slavery. We can then reciprocate in various ways. The South can quit raising corn, wheat, and bacon, and thereby give the West a market for their produce. We can then make a sweeping blow at protective duties, and leave New England in the cold.

The Judge had a great desire to get the Southern States back into the Union immediately, since it had to be done at all events. The fact was, "the Government as I is the case of the Southern gentleman, to place it in a respectable position among the great family of nations. Northern states in were ranging with us while absent, and the sooner things were set right the better" Evening came and the Judge and I parted for the night, having traveled twenty miles together

The next day, having called at the County Seat of —— I saw the Judge again. The people had anticipated the Judge's return, and had come in from all quarters to consult on the great work of restoration.

Here it was that I heard what I believe to be their real sentiments. It was neighbor talking to neighbor, upon matters that concerns much. No guarded expression of pretended loyalty, to make a favorable impression, in Washington city, was necessary to hasten their favorite plan of restoration "Shall we return to the Union?" was the great question, and many spoke of it as if it was entirely optional with themselves whether they would or not Some flatly refused, and advised everybody to stand out to the last. Others felt subjugated and were indifferent as to the result. Others were extremely anxious for restoration One man was very solicitous that everybody should take the oath and vote for Col ——

He said he was a true Southern man and a devilish good fellow, and would be a leading delegate in the Convention

Some had, like the Judge, a higher motive and wanted to get Southern statesmen in Congress to teach the Yankees how to govern a great nation—to protect the institutions of the South and save them from disgrace and ruin

A says to B Mr. B, have you taken the oath

B.—"Yes sir, I am galvanized, I suppose'

A.—"How do you feel after it?"

B.—"Oh, it don't hurt much, it only went so deep" (putting his fingers just below his chin)

B —"Mr A, you had better take the oath and vote for Col ——"

A.—"No sir I will never become a citizen of that contemptible Yankee Government In this position I am immaculable sir"

B—"Mr C won't you take the oath, and vote for Col —— "

C—"No, sir I do not wish to take the oath, that I know I will violate I have no relish for perjury"

B—"Why sir, I don't look upon it in that light at all. A number of Yankee statesmen among them Reverdy Johnson, fine Constitutional lawyer, have given their legal opinions upon this point, and say that these test oaths are one nullification and have no binding effect For my part I expect to take all the oaths that the Yankees require of me, and have no more scruples in relating them than I would in refusing to pay a note that a set of ruffians had compelled me to sign by presenting cocked pistols at my head The fact is we are all in a transition state We take these oaths to save us from a thousand annoyances One of the worst is having these Yankee soldiers in our country interfering in our private affairs We want to save our property and get back our political rights It is the only way we can get into a position to help ourselves"

This monstrous doctrine and degrading apology for perjury was listened to with not a single rebuke, and I presume many a lot with like motives

One old gentleman was inquiring if he did not come under the $20 000 exemption clause He replied, "No indeed Before the war I was considered worth $400 000 Now I am not worth more than $ 000 I have about 2 000 acres of land which about 1 400 is in good tilling order It was worth before the war $35 per acre I had also 300 niggers some money and other property The war cost me a good deal My niggers are all made free My land is now only worth $1 25 per acre There are very few planters in Mississippi that are worth $20 000"

He related a circumstance to one of two colored soldiers having obtained a furlough from Memphis, to visit their 'kantcoks" in De Soto county They overstayed their allotted time and some soldiers were sent to arrest them as deserters The guard visited the stations where the relatives of the colored soldiers lived, but not finding them were about to return to Memphis No information could be obtained from the family, but my informant thinks the attention of the guard was called in a certain direction, by some of the mean niggers about the plantation. The bodies of the two soldiers were found much torn by hogs I denounced this murderous act in severe terms, contending that acts like this, would keep the military force in their country That killing a human being in cold blood was murder, to the victim black or white, and the assassins ought to be tried and hung My conservative friend began a pious kind of a man partly agreed with me, provided the killing was done in cold blood, but in this instance was inclined to think, self preservation prompted the killing 'These nigger soldiers" said he, "were receiving $16 per month including fine clothes and board

"They went out to this plantation with their fine clothes on, telling their stories of high wages, etc, Now we cannot afford to pay our niggers any such prices, and hearing these stories makes them discontented and saucy Our safety depends upon our keeping our niggers from these demoralizing influences To make money out of our niggers we must keep them under, and not let their aspirations run too high"

The guard had arrested two white men living on said plantation and had taken them to Memphis, but my conservative friend thought in this instance, the military authorities ought to let the matter drop "They had done a great wrong by letting these nigger soldiers go into the country to visit a plantation among the other niggers It was wrong to have nigger soldiers any how, and the killing was only done in retaliation for the great wrong The agitation of these things engendered bitterness. If the North desired the South to return to the Union, the North must observe moderation and disdain to irritate and inflame the passions of our people They are a high minded and sensitive people and could not bear to be coerced into Northern ideas of justice The Northern people would of course condemn it, but the Southern mind could not"

I accepted of an invitation from my conservative friend, to spend the night with him, at an old acquaintance of his—a proprietor of a large plantation, who treated us with true Southern hospitality. During the evening a neighbor came in, and, after some conversation, enquired if they had missed any niggers The answer being in the negative, the enquiry was further made of they knew of any one having missed any but the reply being, still in the negative, he unceremoniously remarked, that his boys had found four dead niggers in the woods, not far distant They had been hung and cut down, and things for the dogs or hogs to devour. The conversation soon ceased upon that subject The next day I asked my conservative friend if he had noticed with what coolness and indifference the news of these unnatural and inhuman murders had been announced and talked about last evening, and that no one appeared to realize that a great crime had been committed? "Ah!" says my conservative friend, "you can now see the evil fruits of the abolition of slavery While slavery existed, these niggers were each worth from $1,000 to $1,500. Their masters had that much capital invested in each, and it was his interest to protect his capital. Our whole country having like interests, mutual protection was extended. Our people having so long regarded these creatures as property only, now, to suddenly strip them of all value, is to withdraw all protection; protection being based on interest. Such circumstances are constantly occurring and will occur for some time to come, probably to the extermination of the race." "What," says I, "don't you expect your officers of justice to arrest and hang these murderers, and deter others?" "Why, sir," says my conservative friend, "I would not like to be the officer that would interfere. No man's life would be safe. That would place a white man's life in jeopardy for killing a nigger. This is just one of the natural results of the great change in the two systems of labor. True philanthropy would teach us that it would have been better to have kept them in slavery awhile longer; our people were not quite prepared for the change. I thought once as you think now, but familiarity with Southern life has changed my mind in many things."

My conservative friend and I now parted, each traveling in opposite directions. He probably exulting in his own mind that he had again done his duty in his whitewashing apologies for treason and murder. If he really did feel an inward satisfaction in it, he is welcome to all the good that such exultation may do him For my part, I felt a supreme contempt for a man, especially for one of his calling, that could so far desecrate his position as to become the apologist of crime, and the pander to the most base and selfish passions of the human heart In parting with him, I thought how appropriate were those lines of Pope to his case—

> "Vice is a monster of such frightful mein
> That to be hated needs but to be seen,
> Yet soon too often familiar with her face,
> We first endure, then pity, then embrace"

The following night I enjoyed the kind hospitality of an intelligent and well-to-do planter, in Marshall county. I was favorably impressed with the sound, practical common sense in which he gave his views on the various questions then in agitation; and I did wish then, and have ever since wished, that every copperhead in the country, could have listened to that gentleman's opinions, as expressed to me on that occasion.

In reply to an inquiry of mine respecting the prospects that the South had in accomplishing her independence, I remarked, that from our standpoint we could see nothing but defeat for the South, with an immense loss of life, destruction of property, demoralization of her people and a general upheaval and overturning of all her social and domestic institutions: that, taking into consideration the vast superior resources necessary to carry on a war that the U S Government could command in the North and West, having alone the market of the whole world to replenish a scarcity of any articles, that it looked to us like madness for the South to attempt separation upon her own resources; that it looked as if the South had expected, and had been promised the intervention of foreign powers in their behalf He replied, "No sir, we did not expect foreign intervention direct, though we did expect foreign recognition as soon as it became apparent that the U S Government was unable to enforce her authority over the seceded States The recognition was a secondary consideration with us, but was one that was sure to follow early, upon evidence of the inability of the U S Government to maintain her authority over us Our expectation was, that there would be a violent political discussion in the North, that the Democratic party would oppose a war against us; make it odious, refuse to enlist or furnish money to build ships or carry on the war in any manner, that, with that expected opposition, it would be impossible to build a navy that would prevent our cotton from reaching foreign markets and the return of material for war or to prevent a very formidable army in the field

With these prospects a great many of us counseled to try the experiment of separation, but after two years' experience I was satisfied and so were many others that the opposition in the North was very feeble generally, in fact unwilling to do anything but a feeble newspaper demonstration and I was of such a character that it intensified rather than dampened the war spirit of the North and I told us much more harm than good When we saw that the North and West accepted of Lincoln's emancipation proclamation and the arming of negroes as a war measure, we plainly saw the "jig was up" Sherman's raid to Meridian soon followed which convinced us the new policy would soon exhaust us This thing of 3 and 4 months marches through our country destroying as they went, taking with them our slaves on their return, making soldiers of them to be brought to the front to fight us, would soon leave the whole South a barren waste. In view of these circumstances we held meetings, got up petitions and sent delegates up to Richmond and urged the authorities there to bring the war to a speedy close upon the best terms we could get from the United States Government We proved to be in a minority and our advice was unheeded. Northern Democratic papers were freely circulated in the South condemning the new war policy and predicting a great change in the political complexion of their next Congress and that the Democrats would carry the election everywhere, and a general revolution in the North was anticipated This anchor kept the ruling power afloat We the minority were not deceived here. As we expected, defeat succeeded defeat with them but they still clamored that the grand victory which was to come would finally compensate for all past defeats

The election of McClellan was to be a certainty, and the restoration of the war party would soon follow The election passed off, and so did Southern hopes for a reaction in our favor in the North Our ruling powers could no longer bring to their aid and control the masses of the South. It is true our country was much exhausted of her war material, but the demoralization of her people after the defeat of McClellan, was the finishing stroke to the war

Whatever motives may have prompted those Northern Democrats, whether it was sympathy for us or other causes, their newspapers articles reported speeches resolutions, &c pertaining to the war nearly two years, and caused thousands of lives to be unnecessarily lost, and our beautiful country to be laid waste, and ruin are, whether they meant to be or not our worst enemies

The hope built upon expected aid in the past being only to be blasted is being re-enacted at the present Many of us are for accepting as settled by the war, the question of the sovereignty of the States, and with it slavery. We are decided on getting our State into her true relation to the General Government and in perfect conformity with the institutions of the other States and to carry out in good faith, the principles of freedom and the perfect equality of all before the law. As slavery is now abolished, so ought to be all distinctions under the law, believing this to be not only a duty, but the interest of the South, in a pecuniary sense For, by our forming our institutions to these principles We immediately invite the industrial classes of the whole world to our rich country which slavery has ever kept away But in these measures I find myself, as formerly in the minority The majority also finds itself in the same predicament as formerly, depending entirely on the Northern Democracy to sustain them in keeping Congress from interfering in any system of compulsory labor, that they may fix up, by State legislation, in place of our former system of slavery, but equally as oppressive on the negro. Drowning men will catch at straws, and while Northern Democrats, pandering to what they believe to be Southern prejudice, they themselves manufacture and furnish material for Southern politics, retard, as is shown by the history of the past, the settlement of these questions, encouraging hope only to be blasted, and keeping alive those questions that really have been settled by the war, and which have agitated the country long enough. The South, having failed to obtain in her favor a solution of those questions in a peaceful mode, attempted separation In that she failed, it is therefore madness to contend longer, the irrepressible conflict should no longer exist, and in fact does not. I tell you, sir, (raising to his feet and speaking with much emphasis) if these Northern Democrats would cease pandering to this ultra Southern prejudice we would settle those questions in less than two years, and should be on the road to prosperity in perfect harmony with all the States in the Union"

A NORTHERNER IN THE SOUTH —An agent of a mercantile house in New York is traveling in the South and sending home letters which are published in the *Herald*. We copy some paragraphs

I have heard, since my arrival here, of innumerable atrocities that have been perpetrated against the freedmen. It is sufficient to state that the old overseers are in power again The agents of the Freedmen's Bureau are almost powerless Just as soon as the United States troops are withdrawn, it will be unsafe for the agents of the bureau to remain The object of the South erners appears to be to make good their often repeated assertion to the effect that the negroes would die if they were freed, to make it so, they seem determined to good them to desperation in order to have an excuse to turn upon and annihilate them.

If Northern men will assimilate to these unfortunate southerners, content to give up all the ties that connect them with their homes, promise to oppose negro suffrage to the death, and to submit to a constant and untiring surveillance of every action, they will be permitted to remain in this Southern country, although any man born north of Mason and Dixon's line, or who has ever borne arms in the federal army, will be regarded with more serious distrust, will lose his friends, sentiments, and education made the subject of severe censure, and ridicule, and must never expect to be allowed to advocate any theory that does not meet general favor" If any man from the North comes down here expecting to hold and maintain radical or abolition sentiments, let him expect to be shot down from behind the first time he leaves his house, and know that his murderer, if ever brought to trial, will be acquitted by the jury. If the military are withdrawn, his home will be no protection, and he may expect to be hung from his own chamber-window. I tell you, Mr. Atkinson, these men are only taking breath and recuperating; not that there is the slightest danger of an immediate outbreak—the Southern people are too smart for that. They will never again measure strength with the North unless their success be assured before hand. In case of foreign war or domestic convulsion at the North, they will rise, but they will never try it alone and without assistance. Meantime, they propose to take it out in biding.

The union that these men fangled they were returning to is the *old* Union of Pierce and Buchanan My room-mate on the *Magnolia* told me he would make one of a party to assassinate all the officers connected with the Freedmen's Bureau in a minute. I told Gen Gregory of it, but the remark was too common to attract notice. Nevertheless if the people think these threats mean nothing they are much mistaken, else I am a very poor judge of human nature

Military law is the only chance or hope for permanent order in this unhappy country. I begin to think with Carlyle, that America is the dirtiest chimney of the nineteenth century, and must burn itself clean.

UNION COUNTY CONVENTION.

All persons who have been and are in favor of maintaining the supremacy of the Constitution and Laws of the United States, and the integrity of the Union of the States, are requested to meet in the several precincts to choose Delegates to a Union County Convention for Multnomah County, to be held on Saturday, the 24th day of March, A D 1866, at the hour of 10 o'clock A M., to nominate County officers to be supported by the Union party at the election to be held on the first Monday in June next

The Committee have adopted the basis of representation adopted by the State Central Committee, viz: the Henderson vote of June, A D, 1864.

The several precincts are entitled to the following number of Delegates to the County Convention North Portland, 10; South Portland 22; Willamette 2, Powell's Valley, 2; Sandy, 2; East Portland, 3; St John's, 1; Sauvies, 1 Multnomah, 1

THOS FRAZAR,
J M DOLPH,
C RICHES,
} County Committee

Douglas County Convention.

The Union voters in the several precincts in the county of Douglas Oregon are requested to meet on Saturday, March 10th 1866 for the purpose of choosing Delegates to attend the Union County Convention to be held in Roseburg, on the 17th of March next to elect Delegates to attend the 25th Convention at Corvallis, on the 29th of March next for the nomination of State officers

And further, that said Delegates to assemble in County Convention at Roseburg, on Saturday, May 5th, 1866 to nominate county officers

THOS LIVINGSTON
J TURNER,
J GREEN
Union Co Com

Clackamas County Union Convention.

The Union Voters of Clackamas County, Oregon, who have been and are in favor of maintaining the supremacy of the Union, the Constitution and the Laws of the United States against all opposition, are requested to meet in the several precincts in the county on the 10th day of March next for the purpose of choosing Delegates to a Union County Convention for Clackamas County to be held at the Court House in Oregon City, on SATURDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF MARCH 1866 at 11 o'clock A M, to nominate Delegates to a State Convention Candidates for Legislature, County Officers for said County, and transact such other business as may properly be brought before the Convention

It is respectfully recommended that the several precincts in said county meet places of voting, on each Precinct on Thursday the 15th day of March, 1866 at 1 o'clock P M

The several Precincts are entitled to the following number of Delegates: Canemah, 4; Linn City, 3; Tualatin Plains, 3; Salem Hill, 2; Union, 2; Lower Molalla, 3; Marquam, 2; Upper Molalla, 1; Beaver Creek, 3; Hardscrabble, 2; Mt Pleasant, 2; Young's, 2; Rock Creek, 2; Milwaukie, 3; Oregon City, 11

W W BECK
C W BRYANT
ABEL HATTON
A MARQUAM,
Union County Committee

Boots and Shoes,

UP STAIRS, A LARGE STOCK

H W. CORBETT.

Lost Feb, 24th,

SOMEWHERE BETWEEN HALLAND MAIN STS on Third, or between Main and Taylor on First St a GOLD WATCH As it was a keepsake the finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the Watch at the

OREGONIAN OFFICE

Umatilla, Boise, AND IDAHO

EXPRESS AND FAST FREIGHT LINE.

THIS LINE IS NOW IN COMPLETE ORDER for the Spring Trade, and prepared to carry Freight and Passengers through to all the Mining Towns and Interior points with Regularity and dispatch

The Line is Stocked with the Best Teams the country affords and entirely New Thorough Brace CONCORD WAGONS,

Which ensures Speed and Safety in the transportation of Freight here before offered in Idaho We offer Superior inducements for shipping Goods from San Francisco and Portland to Idaho, as arrangements with the Ocean Steamship Company and the Owners of Steam Vessels on the Columbia River, is such that all Goods shipped by this Line will not be subject to the usual delays but pass through as

Fast Freight.

Goods shipped from San Francisco to our care at Portland Charges will be prepaid and Goods forwarded to destination

GOODS SHOULD BE MARKED —CARE B M D & CO F F LINE and Shipping Receipts sent to our Agents at Portland and Umatilla

ADVANCE CHARGES FOR TRANSPORTATION PAID

by the Line and Collected at Destination No delay will be forced but will Dispatch for Gwyhee and South Idaho

PASSENGERS CARRIED AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES Families will be furnished with Superior Accommodations in New and Easy Riding, Through Brace Wagons on the most Direct Routes We lay over each night in the Road so as to and Camp out in South so that passengers will not be subjected to further rest

Agents:

RICHARDS & McCRAKEN	San Francisco
RICHARDS & McCRAKEN	Portland
JOSEPH TEAL	Dalles
POWELL & CO	Umatilla
J R WILKINSON	La Grand
B M BURELL & CO.	Boise City
B M BURELL & CO	Idaho City
MAJOR SPEER	Rocky Bar (South Boise)
BURELL & MOORE	Ruby and Silver Cities

B. M. BURELL & CO.,
Portland

octlddfm

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, issued out of the Circuit Court for the county of Multnomah, in favor of John T Smith and against Samuel Farnam, I have this day levied on the following described real estate, to wit: Lot (2) two in block 24, and lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, in block 25, in Couch's addition to the city of Portland, and will expose the same at public sale, in front of the court house door, in Multnomah county, on Thursday the 29th day of March, A D 1866 at the hour of 10 o'clock A M and will sell so much of said real estate or will satisfy the above execution, amounting to 100 dollars in U S gold coin, and interest from the 14th day of November, 1865, together with costs, &c

JACOB SHITZEL, Sheriff
of Multnomah Co, Oregon

Portland, February 28 1866.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, issued out of the Circuit Court for the county of Multnomah in favor of Jonathan Simpson and against R. Thornsley, I have this day levied on the following described estate, to wit All those fractions or pieces of land lying and included between the southern line of the following described blocks in the City of Portland, Multnomah county, as per the plat thereof, to wit Blocks No. 194, 195, and block No. 234 and the southern line of the patent issued to Stephen Coffin for a portion of the Portland Land Claim, containing a strip of land running north and south the full width of said block, and will offer the same for sale at public auction, in front of the Courthouse door, in Multnomah county on Thursday, the 29th day of March, A D 1866, at the hour of 10 o'clock A M., to satisfy the above execution and costs JACOB SITZEL,

Sheriff Multnomah County, Oregon.

PORTLAND, Feb 28, 1866

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMMON Council of the city of Portland propose to improve First street in said city between the centre of Vine street and the north line of Madison street, excepting that portion of said street crossed by Washington street, by grading and laying down with the Macadam Pavement, excepting a portion of six intersections now occupied by plank cistern covers, said portions at the intersections to be improved by placing timbers across the cisterns with three inch plank placed on their edge, the same separated by strips of plank, with gravel and coal tar macadamize as on the Macadam Pavement, with curbing on said street of six-inch plank eighteen inches wide, and sidewalks of two inch plank said sidewalks and crosses of same to be constructed similar to the sidewalks now being constructed on Washington street.

The notice given by this Council on the 1st of February, 1866, of the proposed improvement of said street in manner therein provided is hereby revoked

Published by order of the Common Council

H. R MEEKER, Auditor and Clerk

Portland, Feb 22d, 1866 d-10t

WILCOX & GIBBS SEWING MACHINE.

We would call attention to the following facts in connection with this Machine, which renders it superior to any other in use:

It forms a flat elastic seam which will not rip in wear;

It is entirely noiseless;

A patented device prevents its being turned backward;

The machine cannot be set wrong;

Can be used successfully without other instructions than accompany the Machine;

It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute in 1862. For particulars, enquire of

STEWART & GOURLEY,

Agents for Oregon, 103 Front street.

Portland, Nov. 30, 1865 ndawly

PIONEER IRON WORKS,

SAN FRANCISCO.

KITTREDGE & LEAVITT,

MANUFACTURERS OF

IRON DOORS AND SHUTTERS,

CAST IRON PILASTERS, (of the latest style),
BANK VAULTS,
PRISON CELLS,
UNION STAIRS AND FENCING

And all kinds of IRON WORK required in HOUSE AND BRIDGE BUILDING

Constantly on hand a large assortment of Second Hand FIRE-PROOF DOORS AND SHUTTERS

Corner Battery and Jackson Sts, San Francisco

AGENTS FOR OREGON—
RICHARDS & McCRAKEN,
Portland

ja1d3m4p

Union Market,

MANN, HILL & CO., Proprietors.

WILL ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND the best of MEATS OF ALL VARIETIES and other articles in their line WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Union Market,

South-West Corner of Washington and Second Sts., and A liberal Share of Patronage is solicited, as we expect to keep as good an assortment and of as good quality as the country affords, and will deliver the same to purchasers in all parts of the city.

Kezer Rent constantly on hand

Portland, March 6th, 1865 dtf

Empire Market.

Corner Washington and First Sts., and

Pacific Market,

No. 4, Couch's Addition.

I WILL KEEP ON HAND all the varieties of FRESH AND CURED MEATS that the market affords for sale at either of the above Markets, at Wholesale or Retail

Give me a call, one and all and we will try to make you all satisfied (ja13dtf) A H JOHNSON

$350 Reward!

THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR THE arrest of JAMES H BUSH and GEORGE W WRIGHT who escaped from the County Jail of Multnomah County on the afternoon of Sunday, the 4th inst $250 for the arrest of J H BUSH and $150 for GEORGE WRIGHT to be delivered to this County

DESCRIPTION—J H Bush is about 21 years of age 6 feet high brown hair long peaked face dark hazel eyes a little pock pitted heavy built weight about 175 lbs small whiskers

George Wright is about 20 years of age 5 feet high straight built, dark brown hair, sandy goatee, slim face grey eyes, weight about 160 lbs

SAID REWARDS PAID IN GOLD COIN

JACOB SHITZEL,
Sheriff M Multnomah County

P Bond, Oregon P January 9 1866

Notice

To Delinquent Tax Payers of the City of Portland.

THE TAX ROLL of the City of Portland for the year 1865 is now in my hands for collection and will be kept open for forty days from this date at my office in the Council Room No 1 Over Store, to settle up same to save all appearance of Costs, those who have neglected to pay to the City Treasurer

At the expiration of the forty days, I shall proceed to the collection of said taxes by seizure and sale of property in the manner provided by law

H J HOYT
Marshal of Portland

Feb 24, 1866 30t

To the Tax-Payers of Multnomah County

THE TAX ROLL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1865 is now in my possession and will be closed on the 15th day of March next

All taxes unpaid by the 15th of March will be returned to the County Court as delinquent

JACOB SHITZEL Sheriff
of Multnomah County Oregon

"CONSTITUTION WATER,"

THE ONLY REMEDY FOR DISEASES OF THE

BLADDER, KIDNEYS,

Gravel, Dropsical Swellings,

GENITAL DEBILITY, ETC.

THIS ASTONISHING SUCCESS WHICH HAS AT tended this invaluable medicine renders it the most valuable one ever discovered in language can convey an adequate idea of the immediate and almost miraculous change which it effects in the debilitated and shattered constitution In fact, it stands unrivalled as a remedy for the permanent cure of the maladies above mentioned, and also—

DIABETES INCONTINENCY
LOSS OF MUSCULAR ENERGY,
PHYSICAL PROSTRATION,
INDIGESTION,
SEMINAL WEAKNESS,
GENERAL DEBILITY,
and HEART FLUTTERING.

And in every disease any connected with the disorder or decay of the PROCREATIVE FUNCTIONS Persons about to marry, if conscious of any weakness, should take the

CONSTITUTION WATER,

Whether broken down by excess, weak by nature, or impaired by sickness the restoring and relaxed organization to a healthful vitality and build up Well may this celebrated medicine be called the

MEDICAL WONDER.

The stooping trembling victim of depression and debility becomes a new man, he stands erect, he moves with a firm step, his mind, which was previously sunk in gloom from almost idiotic apathy, becomes bright and active; and he goes forth regenerated, conscious of new vigor — Its medicine name is the CONSTITUTION itself, and restores it to its normal condition.

IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER, INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, AND CATARRH OF THE BLADDER, STRANGUARY AND BURNING, OR PAINFUL URINATING, CALCULUS, GRAVEL, BRICK DUST DEPOSIT, AND MUCOUS OR BILIOY DISCHARGES AFTER URINATING.

For these diseases it is truly a novel remedy, and too much cannot be said in its praise A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms. TRY IT in these cases, and you will ever give praise to

CONSTITUTION WATER.

Wrist of Forearm,

Are each troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back, and through your hips? CONSTITUTION WATER will relieve you like magic.

DR W H. GREGG, Proprietor
MORGAN & ALLEN,
General Agents, New York

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,
Agents for the Pacific Coast,
401 and 404 Battery st., corner Clay, San Francisco

SOLD BY
HODGE & CALEF, SMITH & DAVIS,
W. WEATHERFORD,
And all Druggists. jul7

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP,

COMPOSED OF

IODIDE POTASSIUM.

With the Compound Concentrated Fluid Extract of Lungwort Augustura Root, Abscess Root, Blood Root, Cancer Root, Fever Root, Canker Weed, Consumption Plant Gravel Plant, Life Root, Lice weed, Sarsaparilla Root, Pinerley Root Sassafras Root, Sunny Clover Root, Scrofula Plant, Rattlesnake Root, Sugar Root, Wake-hobe Bark Wintergreen the whole scientifically prepared, and containing the full virtue of all the ingredients united in an elegant Syrup, that possesses a wonderful power in the cure of diseases

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP.

A positive and specific remedy for all diseases originating from an IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, and for all (hereditary) DISEASES transmitted from PARENT TO CHILD

Paralysis.

Hemiplegia, Paresis, Paraplegia, Facialgia, Aglaea

Dyspepsia.

Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Constipation, Weight at Stomach, Biliousness, Want of Appetite, Flatulence, Bad Breath

Scrofula.

Struma, Glandular, Swellings, Ulceration, King's Evil, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum

Rheumatism.

(Arthritis) Neuralgia, Gout, Lumbago, Sciatic, Tic Doloureux

Nervousness

Nervous Debility, Confusion of Thoughts, Epilepsy, Loss of Power, Shattered Nerves, St Vitus' Dance.

Mercurial Diseases

Salivation, Feeling of Weariness, Rotting of Bones, Bad Complexion, Aches in Bones, Dejection of Spirits.

Constitution Life Syrup purges the system entirely of all the evil effects of Mercury, removing the Bad Breath, and curing the Weak Joints and Rheumatic Pains which the use of Calomel is sure to produce It hardens Spongy Gums and secures the teeth as firmly as ever.

Constitution Life Syrup

Eradicates, root and branch, all Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, like

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And all other difficulties of the kind, which so much disfigure the outward appearance of both males and females, and often making them a disgusting object to themselves and their friends.

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Notice.

STOCKHOLDERS TAKE NOTICE that at a meeting held at their office on the 7th day of February 1866 the Directors of the SANTIAM GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY levied an assessment, No 6, of two dollars per share on each and every share of the Capital Stock of said Company payable in gold or silver coin at the Office of the Company within thirty five days and an order was made to advertise for sale all stock on which said assessment or any part thereof shall remain due at the expiration of said thirty five days

D L WILLIS, Sec'y

Salem Oregon, February 7 1866 feb10d1m

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